THE MARION DAILY STAR.

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Still Shaking Hands.

Ten Thousand People Call on President Harrison.

SECOND DAY'S RECEPTION.

Representatives From Every State in the Union and Every Society and Organization That Attended the Inauguration Call at the White House—Other Washington Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—It is estimated that ten thousand people were admitted to the White House grounds yesterday. About half of these were allowed the privilege of shaking hands with the president. Delegation after delegation passed through the front doors of the mansion and by President Harrison in the east room. The line was not halted for any speechmaking or for the presentation of tributes to the president.

Forty persons to the minute at times passed by and shook hands with the new president. At 2 o'clock the president went up stairs to lunch and fifteen minutes later reappeared in the east room and still the people came. There were representatives from every state in the union and from every society or other organization that attended the inauguration ceremonies

After shaking hands with perhaps 5,000 people fatigue compelled him to stop; but to gratify the curiosity of those outside he stood for twenty minutes under the portico over the main entrance and bowed to about five thousand people who passed before him. Then he went back to his desk for a short time and began hand shaking again after a lapse of fifteen minutes. At 3:15 o'clock the president closed his second weary days' experience at hand shaking.

Among the delegations that called were the Vanderbilt club, of Columbia, S. C., the Alabama association and the Iowa battalion. Robert Smalls, the colored ex-member of congress from South Carolina, presented a South Carolina delegation composed principally of colored men The Cyclone Flambeau club, of Kansas City, also called. A handsomely-mounted broom was presented to the president by a visiting delegation. A number of persons introduced themselves to the president as relatives and to each the latter spoke a few words—that was all.

"Father says," said Mr. Russell Harrison last evening, "that he didn't find out until yesterday how many relatives he has. They don't bother him, but he doesn't like to have so many."

Mary Walker in the Speaker's Stand.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The capitol continues to be an object of attraction to visitors, and was crowded again yesterday. Both the senate and house chambers were filled all day with a merry throng. In the afternoon those on the house floor witnessed a peculiar scene. An effiminate looking person, wearing trousers, a Prince Albert coat and silk hat ascended to the speaker's desk, and removing his hat began an address in a sharp, squeaky voice. It was Dr. Mary Walker. She informed the astonished audience that the time was not far distant when the speaker of the house of representatives would be a woman and instead of the speaker recognizing the gentleman from Indiana, Dakota, etc., the speaker would say the lady from Indiana, Dakota, etc. She was right in the midst of an old-fashioned woman's rights speech, when the confusion and crowd began to grow so great that she was politely led from her exalted position by a doorkeeper, who escorted her out of the hall.

Brilliant Display of Fireworks.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The inaugural fireworks display, postponed for two nights—came off last night on the monument grounds, and brought twenty or twenty-five thousand people to the spacious park, and the streets between the monument and the White House. The aerial, as well as the set figure pyrotechnical display was emphatically the finest ever presented here on inaugural occasions, and excited the admiration and applause of the multitude that swarmed the White House grounds. Beginning at 8 p. m. and lasting for an hour or longer, there were continuous flights of rockets, interspersed with magnificent bouquets, filling the heavens with colored lights and falling stars, and ending with gorgeous devices in which appeared a beautiful picture of Harrison and Morton.

Riddleberger Still Hot.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—It is said ex-Senator Riddleberger is not pleased because the senate, on motion of Senator Daniel expunged from the congressional record all reference to the scene which took place on Sunday night, when, by order of President Ingalls, Mr. Riddleberger, was expelled from the chamber. The ex-senator has written to two or three prominent Democrats in the senate, asking that the entire colloquy be inserted in the account of the proceedings. Nothing can be done in this direction, though by this extra session.

The Inaugural a Financial Success.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The inaugural committee achieved an unprecedented financial success. Twelve thousand tickets to the ball were sold. The receipts from this source will be $60,000. There were about sixteen tickets sold to the promenade concerts at fifty cents each, and the ball tickets are still being sold as souvenirs for $1 each. It is expected that the receipts will foot up about $70,000. It is known that there will be a surplus of $20,000 or more, after paying all expenses and returning all of the $50,000 guarantee to the subscribers.

The Senate in Session Six Minutes.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The senate remained in session but six minutes yesterday. No nominations were received, and on motion of Senator Allison the senate adjourned. The time was occupied by the reading of the journal and the prayer. The chaplain in his prayer invoked the blessings of God upon the new administration and the cabinet and prayed that they might be free from fault finding.

Burrows for Speaker.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The cause of Representative J. C. Burrows, of Michigan, in the speakership contest, is considerably strengthened by the action of his Michigan colleagues. The entire Michigan delegation, senators and representatives, met yesterday and pledged themselves to support Burrows first, last and all the time.

Length of the Present Senate Session.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Opinions differ as to the probable length of the present special session of the senate, and it is said that it may be prolonged for several weeks. Senator Spooner says that Senator Coke's recent speech on the southern outrage resolution should not be allowed to go to the country unanswered. Senator Spooner is prepared to go on with the discussion, and he would have delivered his speech before the 4th of March had an opportunity presented itself.

Affairs in Oklahoma.

The Situation Growing More Critical Every Day.

THOUSANDS ARE GATHERING

Hundreds of Squatters Have Already Taken Possession of Valuable Lands Within the Territory—Great Preparations for a Raid—Serious Trouble Anticipated.

ST. LOUIS, March 7.—A special to the Chronicle from Oklahoma, I. T., says: The situation in Oklahoma is growing critical. Between two hundred and three hundred men have taken up claims in the immediate vicinity of this place. Nearly all the valuable land on the river bottom from the neighborhood of Fort Reno on the west to the Pottowatomie reservation on the east has been taken up, and is held by the usual squatter.

Scores of men are slipping in on all sides and the influx of boomers by the railroad has begun. Last night's south-bound train was filled with passengers for Purcell, and it is reported that Harry Hill has started from Wichita with 400 men. They will be met here by Col. Cole and several hundred boomers from the western border of the territory. Throngs of anxious boomers who have been waiting at Purcell for weeks, can scarcely be held back another day, and altogether the indications are that there will be fully 2,000 men here inside of a week unless the military moves from Fort Reno at once.

Preparations for a raid have been going on at the fort for some time, and it is expected they will move to-morrow or next day. The probabilities are, however, that a raid of the soldiers would only result in a scattering of the squatters through the woods, as they are already within the limits of Oklahoma in sufficient numbers to come back faster than they can be sent out.

The utmost good feeling has prevailed among the squatters up to the present time, but there are already signs of a disagreement and wrangling among them as the country becomes more thickly settled, and the sudden influx of strangers will surely be attended with trouble, more especially will this be the case if present claimants are removed and their places taken by others, who will slip through the military and remain until after they have been withdrawn.

A Texas Street Murder.

TEMPLE, Tex., March 7.—An awful tragedy was enacted on the streets here Tuesday. Alfred and Herbert Rother engaged in a gun fight with Tom and Hugh Mattock. The latter was killed outright and Tom Mattock is dying. Alfred Rother was shot in the arm. The trouble grew out of a law suit in which Tom Mattock's testimony offended Alfred Rother. The parties met Tuesday, and Rother demanded an apology, which being refused led to a quarrel and the shooting. The Mattocks are members of a prominent family of Belton.

Not All Settled Yet.

TEXARKANA, Ark., March 7.—Judge Campbell, who was shot by Gus Smith Monday night during a business disagreement, is dying, J. E. Robinson, of Dalby Springs, who was captured by a mob here Monday, and accused of assaulting a little girl, is missing and has probably been lynched. A number of his friends have arrived in town, and are very angry over the affair. Robinson was deputy postmaster at the Springs and bore a good character. There is likely to be more trouble from the incident.

Shot Himself in the Head.

CLEVELAND, O., March 7.—Nathan A. Wilson, secretary and manager of the Cleveland Stove company, was found dead in his office at 8 o'clock this morning by a night watchman. He had shot himself in the head. Business cares is given as the cause for the deed. A protested draft and a check endorsed "Not good," by the Union National bank, were found on the desk beside him. Wilson's people live in Fort Wayne.

Preparing for the Future.

ZANESVILLE, O., March 7.—An old gentleman named Smith, of Falls township, came to the city Tuesday and bought a coffin, paying $50 for it, and taking a receipt. The coffin is to be delivered when he dies. He then visited the marble works and selected a monument, for which he paid $70. He is wealthy and in good health, but declares he feels much better now that he has those little matters attended to.

Rough on Himself.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—At noon yesterday the body of H. G. Trader, a clerk in the sixth auditor's office, and a well known Knight of Labor, was found in a room in the International hotel, 319 Pennsylvania avenue. There was a "Rough on Rats" box beside him, and it had been emptied. Trader was about forty years old and unmarried. Cause of suicide unknown.

Result of Family Troubles.

PITTSBURG, March 7.—N. N. Bain, a prominent citizen of Wakefield, Va., was shot and instantly killed yesterday by a young man named Carleton Marks. Family troubles were the cause of the shooting. Marks has surrendered himself to the authorities.

Getting Down to Work

The Cabinet Officers All Take the Oath of Office,

AND ASSUME THEIR DUTIES.

How Each New Officer Was Received in His Respective Department—The Ceremony Connected With the Changing of Official Heads.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—President Harrison signed the commissions of all his cabinet officers yesterday morning, and later in the day they all took the oath of office and formally assumed the duties of their respective offices.

Gen. Tracy entered the office of the secretary of the navy about noon unannounced and alone. Subsequently he was introduced to Secretary Whitney and half an hour later took the oath of office.

About 2 o'clock in the afternoon Mr. Blaine came to the state department, accompanied by Chief Clerk Lee and Walker Blaine. Half an hour afterwards Associate Justice Miller, of the supreme court, came in and administered the oath to the new secretary in the presence of a score or so of the department officers.

Governor Proctor reached the war department shortly after 12:30 o'clock and found Secretary Endicott and all of the bureau officers waiting to receive him. He was at once sworn in, Chief Clerk Twedale administering the oath of office. The new secretary thereupon sat down at the desk and affixed his signature to the oath, after which Mr. Endicott presented the officers. Secretary Procter, a few moments later, made a little speech to them. He said that it was an inevitable result of our system of governing public affairs that a man comes into office entirely unacquainted with the details of its duties, but that he hoped with their aid to administer affairs without any serious error. He soon after left the building and went to his rooms at the Arlington.

Mr. Wanamaker arrived here from Philadelphia about noon and came to the postoffice department about 3 p. m. He was received by First Assistant Postmaster General Stevenson, and a few moments later Judge Lawrence, the department notary, who has been in the department more than fifty years and who has sworn in a score or more of postmaster generals, was summoned and administered the oath to Mr. Wanamaker. Mr. Wanamaker pressed his lips on the Bible which has been used by the judge in swearing the twenty-five preceding postmaster generals. The officials and other employes were then introduced to Mr. Wanamaker.

Mr. Noble, the new secretary of the interior, arrived at the department about 3 p. m. and was sworn in by Justice Miller. Later in the day he was introduced by Mr. Vilas to the officers and employes of the department.

Attorney General Miller was sworn in about 1:30 o'clock in the presence of Solicitor General Jenks and other officials of the department. Ex-Attorney General Garland met him early in the day and introduced him to all the officers of the department, but was not able to be present when he qualified, because he had business at the supreme court at that hour.

Governor Rusk took the oath of office as secretary of agriculture about 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Secretary Windom came to the treasury department about 3 p. m. and the oath of office was administered by Mr. Fitzpatrick, a notary of the appointment office. The ceremony was performed in the secretary's office in the presence of ex-Secretary Fairchild and a dozen or more officials. When Mr. Windom had signed the oath, Mr. Fairchild took him by the hand, and said: "I hope, sir, that when you come to leave this department it will be with as good a grace as when you left it before."

Four Women Found in a River.

EAGLE PASS, Tex., March 7.—While dragging the river Tuesday for more definite proof of the indentification of the three murdered women found Monday, another woman was found in the same locality. She also had her head split, and was weighted with rocks. She is supposed to be a young girl, probably eighteen years old. The first body supposed to have been identified as that of Mrs. Alexander Tapez is yet unnamed, as Mrs. Tapez and her children are safe on the ranch, and the whole affair is a deep mystery. Every effort is being made by the authorities to unravel it, but so far without avail.

A Narrow Escape.

MONTREAL, March 7.—Fire this morning in the planing shed of the deaf and dumb institution at Mileend destroyed the planing shed and three other sheds, containing manufactured work, together with the factory, which is seventy-five feet long and three stories high Had the fire succeeded in getting in the institute adjoining 150 children would have been in danger. Loss $20,000.

A Youthful Romance.

EARLVILLE, Ill., March 7.—Last night Daniel McLachlen, aged twenty-two, killed Cora Carnahan, aged thirteen, and then committed suicide. The pair eloped Sunday night from Pawpaw, Ill., and have had a weary time of it since, eluding detectives. McLachlan was a blacksmith, the girl a daughter of a well-to do hotel keeper.

Over the Bank Into the River.

VICKSBURG, Miss., March 7.—A portion of the river bank at Bullits Bayou, caved in yesterday morning at 2 o'clock, carrying with it into the water Limerick & Calson's warehouse, in which the postoffice was situated, and part of J. B. Willis' house. Mrs. Willis and two daughters narrowly escaped drowning.

Paper Mill Burned.

CARLISLE, Pa., March 7.—Shyrock's paper and straw board mill, at Middle Springs, this county, was entirely destroyed by fire this morning. Origin unknown. Loss $10,000, partially insured.

A Policeman as a Robber.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 7.—Last night the safe in the Ottawa police station was robbed of $500. An ex-policeman is suspected.

WHOLESALE POISONING.

A Kentucky Man Persuaded to Poison His Nine Children.

MT. STERLING, Ky., March 7.—A terrible crime has just come to light in the remote part of this county on Spruce Creek, in which a father joins with his mistress and her brothers and poisons his nine children, from three to nineteen years of age. Two of them died on last Thursday night. Jim Holden and his sister, a bad character, went to the house of Frank Corkwright, the woman arriving early and Jim about 12 o'clock. The woman, Susan Holden, was living in adultery with Corkwright, and because the children protested, they had been severely chastised and often driven from home.

When Jim Holden arrived at the house he went to bed with Conkwright's nine-year-old daughter, who was taken sick about 8 o'clock Friday morning and died with convulsions that afternoon. The three-year-old child drank water at 11 o'clock Thursday night and died at 4 o'clock Friday morning and when Dr. School arrived Friday, he found all the children except the oldest, very sick with unmistakable evidences of having been poisoned. The father, who has been a widower for three years, Susan Holden and her brother Jim are now in jail here, and Bill Holden has made his escape In the section where the crime was committed excitement runs high, and could hands be laid on these fiendish brutes, the state would be relieved of further costs.

Good-By Washington.

Ex-President Cleveland Goes to New York.

AFFECTIONATE PARTING.

Many Prominent People Accompany the Distinguished Party to the Depot—They Are Enthusiastically Received at New York—Stopping at the Victoria Hotel.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The private carriage of ex-Secretary Fairchild drove up to the Baltimore & Ohio depot about 10:40 yesterday morning and ex-President Cleveland, Mrs. Cleveland and Mr. Fairchild and Mrs. Folsom alighted from it. They were met at the curb by Marshal Wilson, and entered the depot. Col. and Mrs. Lamont with their baby, arrived later and joined Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland shortly before the train departed.

Mrs. Cleveland shortly before the train departed was dressed in a simple traveling costume of dark cloth with a maroon coat and look her loveliest. Friends crowded through the car bidding her farewell, and many of the ladies were visibly affected to tears, while occasionally Mrs. Cleveland's voice would falter a little, but she kept up remarkably well. Among those who were there was ex-Secretary Vilas, Mr. Don M. Dickinson, Mr. Sharrie Garland, Mr. Alexander Gregor, of the Russian legation, Mrs. Whitney and Miss Dickinson.

A few minutes before 11 Engine 755 backed up and coupled on to the train, and at 11 sharp the train glided swiftly out of the station, bound for New York, Mrs. Cleveland standing in the door of the car waving her handkerchief, and Mr. Cleveland by her side with his hat in his hand, while the crowd cheered and cheered. Besides Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland the party consisted of Colonel and Mrs. Lamont and the children, Mrs. Dickinson and Folsom. The train was made up of three coaches, the Pullman Palace car Geraldine, Vice President Lord's private car and a handsome day coach between these and the engine. The people of Baltimore had invited the party to stop off at that city and receive an ovation, but Mr. Cleveland declined.

They Arrive in New York.

NEW YORK, March 7.—President Cleveland and wife, D. S. Lamont and party, Mrs. Folsom, and ex-Secretary Dickinson and wife, arrived at the New Jersey Central depot, in Jersey City, at 6 o'clock p. m. As they walked down the long platform to the ferryboat a big crowd gathered in the depot cheered lustily. Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland bowed frequently in acknowledgment, and Mrs. Cleveland was evidently pleased at the unexpected heartiness of their welcome. As they stepped aboard the boat some one in the crowd called for three cheers for Grover Cleveland, and they were given with a will. Then there was a call for three cheers for Mrs. Cleveland, and the cheers were so loud and vigorous that Mrs. Cleveland not only smiled but blushed with pleasure as she made a final bow of acknowledgment and disappeared from view in the cabin. On arriving in New York the party were driven to the Victoria hotel.

THE WILL NOT SIGNED.

A Millionaire Philanthropist Dying in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7.—Isaiah V. Williamson, the age millionaire philanthropist, is believed to be dying, and he has not yet signed the will which was to have left a million or more money to the great charity which he has already provided for. That the good old man was on his death bed was admitted by his physicians last night. While Mr. Williamson was conscious at intervals during the day, he was at no time conscious enough nor able to express any desire touching his last will and testament.

Leading lawyers in the city express the opinion that if Mr. Williamson were to die the charitable intention which he had entertained towards his school of mechanical training, and for which it was supposed he had set aside in his will $1,000,000 or $1,500,000 to help on the school, would fail unless it were signed before his death.

The Toledo Cadets in New York.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The Toledo cadets, of Toledo, O., forty-three in number, who arrived in this city yesterday on their way home from Washington, where they acted as Governor Foraker's body guard at the inauguration, gave an exhibition drill at the armory of the Twenty-second Regiment on Fourteenth street last night. Nearly 2,000 people were present and witnessed the military evolutions of the crack regiment of the west. The Ohioans leave for Philadelphia to-day and start for Toledo Friday night.

The Latest From Hayti

An Account of Several Severely Fought Battles.

LEGITIME SUCCESSFUL.

After Two Days' Hard Fighting the Rebel Forces Are Compelled to Surrender a Number of Very Important Towns Along the Coast.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The steamer Andes of the Atlas line, from Kingston, Jamaica and Haytain ports, has arrived with the latest Haytain intelligence. The situation at Port-au-Prince was quiet and everything progressing smoothly. On Sunday, February 3, a great parade took place in honor of Legitime in which all the troops of the capital took part.

On January 4 Gen. O. Piquant, secretary of state under Legitime, and commander of the second corps of the army of the west, left L' Arcobie at the head of a division, met the insurgents, and, after a two days' fight defeated Hippolyte's forces. In a subsequent encounter Gen. Jean Misere, a prominent officer of Hippolyte's staff, was taken prisoner. On January 11 a division of Legitime's army marching toward Valliere defeated the insurgents in a fight at Claireur, in which Hippolyte lost four flags, fifty cases of cartridges, twelve carbines and eight horses.

In this encounter Gen. Prouse Gabeau, chief of the rebel forces, was killed and many of his soldiers made prisoners. Since this latter encounter Legitime has invariably been successful in his battles. A few days before the Andes left Port-au-Prince, the rebels lost the following important cities of the north: La Grande, Saliene, situated between St. Marc and Conaives; the commune of Marmalade, as far north as Eunery, Hiache, St. Michael, Valliere and St. Suzanne.

The report of the death of the commander of the Haytian man-of-war Belise published here last month is without foundation. He was alive and well and in command of the Belize, when the Andes left Port-au-Prince. One of the officers of the Andes said that the only cable station in Hayti, at LeMolle, was in charge of Hippolyte and that this fact accounted for the numerous reports of Legitime's defeat.

THE NEW ELDORADO.

Gold Miners Rushing to the New Gold Fields in Lower California.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., March 7.—Many people have left here for the gold fields near Ensenada in Lower California. The workmen on the Cuyamaca, San Diego and Eastern railroad have left in a body for the mines and work on the road has been stopped. Steamers between San Diego and Ensenada have doubled their rates, but the rush continues and stages are now running overland, carrying many persons direct to the mines.

The San Diego papers states that the development covers 100 miles square and that placer mines are making a great deal of money. Yesterday $13,000 in gold dust was brought into Ensenada and San Diego. A majority of the California papers have urged the people to be cautious about rushing into the mines, owing to the fact that many of those recently reported in California failed to carry out the first indications of wealth, but the people in the southern portion of the state now believe that a new and really profitable gold field has been discovered.

The Examiner's special from San Diego says: The Mexican border at Liguana has had the appearance of war for the past two days. Nearly one hundred teams and trains and 500 prospectors gathered there to enter the gold fields. They wanted to evade the customs officers and all employed to force their way into Mexico. Mexicans troops forced the trespassers back.

The Union publishes statements from Professor Anthony, Charles Bennett, John E. Barry and others of undoubted veracity, saying that the fields are phenomenally rich. Fully one thousand people are in camp. All of the peninsular towns are deserted.

HYDROPHOBIA

Causes the Death of a Ten-Year-Old Girl at Ripley, Ohio.

RIPLEY, O., March 7.—A horrible death from hydrophobia occurred here yesterday the victim being Lina Hasson, a little ten-year-old girl, the daughter of Thomas Hasson. About five weeks ago the little girl was terribly bitten by the dog of a neighbor, her face and ankles being badly lacerated.

The wounds had about healed up, when a few days ago she became sick and could not eat nor drink. She got worse and a physician was called. At first no symptoms of the dread disease could be noticed, but on being offered a drink of water she went into violent convulsions, frothed at the mouth, barked like a dog, snapped and tried to tear her flesh. She lingered in this state until this morning, when she died in the most terrible agony.

When not suffering from convulsions she talked with her friends, and was rational, and said she would like to have water, but at the sight of it she was thrown into convulsions. An attempt was made to inject water, but it could not be done. The dog which bit her was not known to be mad. Physicians pronounce it a genuine case of hydrophobia.

Ives and Stayner Must Wait.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The trial of Ives and Stayner will not take place for some time. Col. Fellows has given orders that they are not even to be arraigned for the purpose of fixing a date for the trial until after the completion of the trial of the Kerr boodle case. From this it is inferred that the colonel will conduct the Ives and Stayner trial in person. It was rumored that Ives and Stayner would plead guilty. Charles W. Brooke, their counsel, denied that his clients had any such intention.

Leavings of the Supper.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Mr. George Boldt, who served the supper at the inaugural ball, has distributed among the charitable institutions all of the provisions which were not used on the night of the ball.

FRESH FROM THE WIRES.

News in Brief From All Parts of the Country.

There is a mad-dog panic in Wetzel county, W. Va.

"White Caps" are again at work in Dubois county, Indiana.

A prisoner named Fink tried to escape from jail at Bucyrus, O.

It is said that ex-Governor Porter, of Indiana, will be minister to Italy.

Robert S. Chilton has been appointed private secretary to Vice President Morton.

The funeral of Col. Moses H. Kirby took place at Upper Sandusky, O., on the 6th instant.

Harry Gough was assaulted and dangerously stabbed by Bill Raridan, at Marion, Indiana.

An English syndicate is negotiating for the purchase of big brewery plants at Newark, New Jersey.

J. H. Baker, while exhibiting a fire escape, fell from a hotel at St. Paul, Minn., and was fatally injured.

Dr. Harrington was arrested at Huntingburg, Ind., on a charge of issuing fraudulent pension papers.

A syndicate, headed by Governor Beaver, will undertake to heat 10,000 houses in Philadelphia by steam.

David and Joseph Nicely have been held for the murder and robbery of Farmer Umberger, near Ligonier, Pa.

James Pollard was fatally stabbed at Princeton, Ky., by Andrew Duke during a difficulty about a woman.

A freight conductor named Covey was instantly killed in a wreck on the Monon railroad near Putnamville, Ind.

Capt. Charles Russell committed suicide at Minneapolis, Minn., while laboring under a fit of temporary insanity.

After paying all expenses, and returning the $50,000 guarantee to subscribers, there will be an inauguration surplus of $20,000.

Rock Radford, nearly eighty years old, was sentenced at Hopkinsville, Ky., to twenty-one years' imprisonment for murder.

Miss Beatrice Funk, the belle of Marble Creek, Ky., and daughter of a wealthy farmer, eloped with Dick Bricken, a young barber.

Governor Hovey has instituted suit in the supreme court of Indiana to test the validity of the recently established supreme court commission.

Edward W. Marietta, a milkman, who was arrested at Lansing, Mich., on a charge of assaulting a little girl, committed suicide by taking poison.

Hon. Sidney Bartlett, a leader of the Boston bar and a director of the C., B. & Q. railway, is dying. Mr. Bartlett passed his ninetieth birthday in February.

At Helena, M. T., a woman named Walters was found in her bed, horribly mutilated. The coroner's jury returned a verdict fixing the guilt upon her husband.

Harlan Turner and J. W. McVeigh, well known and highly respected citizens of Butler, Mo., got into an altercation. McVeigh was shot in the head and through the body, and soon died.

One Meyerheim has been obtaining money from New York dry goods firms by representing himself as an agent of H. W. Ladd & Company, of Providence, R. I. He was in the employ of Ladd & Company several years ago.

Francis V. De Grisselli died at Storm Lake, Iowa, Sunday. He was private secretary to Gen. Motellot, who was with Napoleon I. at St. Helena. He was with Napoleon in seventeen campaigns, and was banished by Napoleon III. in 1853.

In the Texas house of representatives, on behalf of the citizens of Houston, Representative Hamblen presented a gold medal set with diamonds to Miss Annie E. Dowling, only child of Dick Dowling, who, on the 8th of September, 1863, in command of forty-two men, held at bay and drove off from Sabine Pass Union forces of more than a thousand men.

BEHEADED HER HUSBAND.

The Terrible Deed of an Insane Woman in Wisconsin.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 7.—A special to the Evening Journal from Oconomowoc, Wis., says. Last night Mrs. Driscoll, wife of a farmer living four miles from here, cut off her husband's head with an ax while he was asleep in bed. She had an ax, a razor and a butcher-knife concealed under the bed, and waited till the family were all asleep, then took the ax and raised it for the blow five different times before she nerved herself to strike the one that caused instant death.

She then went up stairs where her boy was sleeping and was about to cut his throat when a daughter awoke and prevented a double tragedy. The Driscolls lived happily and the woman had no cause for the crime. She had been sick and was doubtlessly insane, although she tells the story with all details herself.

Embezzler Moore Seen in Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 7.—Joseph A. Moore, the Indianapolis (Ind.) agent who embezzled $500,000 and fled to Canada, is reported to have spent yesterday in Chicago. An old acquaintance claims to have recognized him on his arrival here at the Grand Trunk depot, and last night at the same place when departing. The friend says Moore denied his identity when reaching Chicago, but admitted it as he was leaving. Moore is represented as apparently not standing in much fear of arrest.

Skull Fractured With a Flat-Iron.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Mrs. Mamie Martin, whose husband is a coachman up town, had her skull fractured last night while lying sick in bed at 907 Third avenue, by being struck by a flat-iron by rum crazed Burt Brown, who is a hostler in an up-town stable. Mrs. Martin was taken from her home to the Presbyterian hospital in a dying condition and her assailant was arrested and locked up. The woman is twenty-one years of age.

Italians Won't Take Store Orders.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., March 7.—One hundred and fifty Italian laborers on the Clinch river branch of the Norfolk & Western road have struck. They do not want an increase in wages, but want money instead of commissary orders. This is the first Italian strike known in this section for years.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

POLISHES Furniture LUSTRINE CLEANS Furniture

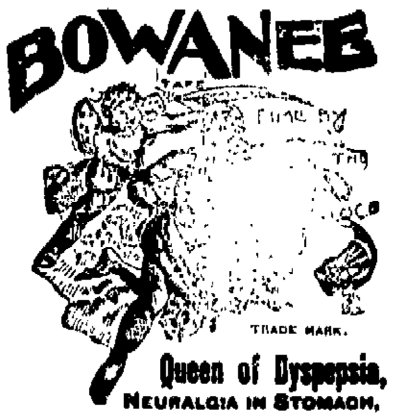
REMOVES SCRATCHES, STAINS, &c.

from House, Office, Hotel, Church and School Furniture.

25c., 50c., AND $1.00 BOTTLES.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND FURNITURE DEALERS.

BOWANEE



Queen of Dyspepsia,

NEURALGIA IN STOMACH,

INDIGESTION, SICK HEADACHE,

CONSTIPATION, NERVOUS DEBILITY/

AND ALL TROUBLES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH.

Try it, and you will find for once you have not been deceived. For sale by your druggist.

BOWANEE MEDICINE CO., Dayton, Ohio

The Vessel Was Not Burned.

BOSTON, March 7.—A cablegram received here states that Capt. Anderson and the crew of the schooner Electric Light from Portland for Buenos Ayres, before reported passed at sea on fire and abandoned, has arrived at St. Vincent, Cape de Verde islands, all well.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for March 6.

NEW YORK.—Money 2½@3 per cent. Exchange steady; governments steady.

Currency sixes, 120 bid; four coupons, 129 bid; four and-a-half, 107⅞ bid.

The stock market opened strong except for Manhattan, which was excessively weak, and declined four points on selling by insiders and others because of the declaration of a scrip instead of a cash dividend on the stock. The unloading was quite free at times and it was quite evident from the manner in which the stock was offered that some of its holders were anxious to get out. The rest of the stocks were strong under the lead of the Grangers and Oregon stocks' prices advanced ¼ to ⅝ per cent by midday. At this writing the market is dull.

Bur. & Quincy	100½	Michigan Cent...	[illegible]
Central Pacific	35⅞	Missouri Pacific..	71⅜
C., C., C. & I	73½	N. Y. Central.....	110
Del. & Hudson	135¼	Northwestern. .	108⅝
Del., Lack. & W	140¾	Ohio & Miss . . .	[illegible]
Illinois Central	118	Pacific Mail.	[illegible]
Lake Shore	103¼	St. Paul......	[illegible]
Louisville & Nash	61⅞	Western Union..	[illegible]

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—90c@$1 00.

CORN 30@33c.

WOOL—Unwashed, fine merino, 18@19c; one-fourth blood combing, 23@24c; medium delaine and combing, 26@27c; braid, 19@20c; medium combing, 26@27c; fleece washed, fine merino X and XX, 27@28c; medium clothing, 28@30c; delaine fleece, 29@31c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $13 50; No. 2, $9 00; prairie, $7 00@8 50; wheat, oats and rye straw, $5 00@6 00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, $3 25@3 75; fair, $2 50@3 15; common, $1 50@2 25; stockers and feeders, $2 00@3 75; yearlings and calves, $2 50@3 25.

HOGS—Select butchers, $4 75@4 85; fair to good packing, $4 65@4 75, fair to good light, $4 65@4 75; common, $4 00@4 60.

SHEEP—Common to fair, $2 75@4 00; good to choice, $4 75@5 50.

LAMBS—$3 50@6 25.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Prime, $4 60@4 90; fair to good, $3 75@4 00; common, $2 25@3 25; stockers, $2 50@3 75; feeders, $3 00@3 25.

HOGS—Philadelphias, $4 80@4 85; mixed, $5 00; heavy hogs, $4 75@4 80; Yorkers, $4 75@4 80; common to fair, $5 15@5 25; grassers and stubblers, $6 35@6 55; pigs, $4 75@4 80.

SHEEP—Prime, $4 75@5 25; fair to good, $3 50@4 50; common, $2 50@3 00.

LAMBS—$4 50@7 65.

Chicago.

HOGS—Fair to good, $4 45@4 60; mixed, packing, $4 55@4 75; heavy to choice, $4 60@4 80.

CATTLE—Choice to extra shipping, $3 00@4 00; mixed, $1 35@3 25; stockers and feeders, $2 20@3 35.

SHEEP—Common to choice, $3 00@5 25.

LAMBS—$4 75@6 50.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 1 state red, $1 00; No. 2 red winter, May, 97¼c.

CORN—Mixed, 45c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 39c; No. 2 mixed, April, 31c.

CATTLE—$2 25@4 75 per 100 pounds, live weight.

Toledo.

WHEAT – Dull; cash, 98¼@1 00c; May, 99¾c.

CORN—Firm; cash, 33¼c.

OATS—Steady; cash, 26c.

CLOVER SEED — Cash, $4 80; March, $4 80.

THE MARION DAILY STAR

Published Every Evening, Except Sunday,
—BY—
W. G. HARDING.

TERMS:
By Mail ....$4 per Year in Advance
Delivered by Carrier.......10 Cts. per Week

THURSDAY. - - - - MARCH 7.

THERE is some probability that the State Legislature may leave the disposition of a woman's suffrage bill before a great while. It cannot be contradicted that the principle of woman's suffrage is growing in universal popularity, but while it now only lacks attention mostly from disinterest and enthusiasm in discussion, it will meet with more formidable opposition as the agitation increases. Womankind can safely be relied upon as allied against intemperance, and give the women the right of suffrage and the first blow, to make which is the prime incentive to secure this right, will be aimed at the saloon, hence a strong opposition, well fortified with the influence of money and political patronage.

MORMONISM seems to be a very self-sustaining evil, and while it is not surprising that the ignorant of foreign countries can be easily induced by deception and the zeal of vultures to register under the "new faith," it is strange that at this day so many new recruits can be obtained in our own country, principally from the South. The latest is that a Hiram Harrison, a former Baptist preacher of Alabama, with a son and seven daughters, are on their way to Utah. Harrison deserted his former faith and two years ago commenced a zealous plea for the Mormon cause, and has now gone to his reward, which is an eldership and five wives.

THE new President has entered upon his duties with the confidence of the Republican party with him. The inaugural address has met the approval and the admiration of Republicans, while the Democracy has discovered nothing to startle or criticise, in fact many prominent Democratic journals have been liberal in their praise of the document. Benjamin Harrison, since his nomination, has grown in the admiration of the people, his honesty gaining prominence with every public utterance, freeing him from any accusation of equivocation. President Harrison is a typical American, and will be the President of the people.

DAKOTA wants a new Governor, and as a means of securing her wants, forty-five members of the Legislature have telegraphed President Harrison, asking him to remove Gov. Church at once. Church, it seems, has been exercising his veto power too freely, and in thus presuming upon the example of his patron, the ex-President, he has made himself an undesirable quantity in the government of the territory.

OHIO, politically speaking, may still expect something good at the hands of the new administration. It is said that the First Assistant Postmaster Generalship will be bestowed upon an Ohio man, but yet before the scramble is over there may be many changes in the programme, which must be forced, so far, somewhat upon rumor.

THERE is a great deal sometimes in little things. The courteous attention of Cleveland, on the day of the inauguration of his great office, to his successor will be pleasantly remembered, and by many who may have censured for him a pompously beyond an [illegible] ascension.

GERMAN newspapers think Harrison's inauguration address "too American." A good recommendation.

Wise Advice.

"[illegible] boy, [illegible] of yours," said one father to another, "always silent. I never hear him speak a word when he is spoken to."

"He is a very silent boy," was the reply. "His mother and I have frequently noticed it and talked over it. We encourage him in every way to be sociable, but without effect. After a few words he relapses into silence and sits looking as if he were buried in grief and meditation. I don't like to see a boy of his age that way."

"Nor I. If I were you I would cure him of that habit."

"[illegible]"

"Make a barber of him."—Boston Courier.

H. R. Hyman, a traveling man, of Grand Rapids, says: "After months of suffering with a very stubborn case of eczema, [illegible] in my leg, and consulting and taking treatment from a score of the best physicians all over the country, Dr. [illegible] of Lake View, Mich., told me of Loose's Extract Red Clover. I only used two pounds solid extract and taking four bottles of fluid extract internal, I am entirely well. It was the only thing that ever did the least good and I had tried every and anything that had been recommended to me. Dr. [illegible] considers it one of the very best remedies as a blood purifier in existence."

Sold in Marion [illegible] by W. E. Foye, Druggist.

Just Once.

"Just [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible],
"I [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]
Last [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] wanted them.
You never [illegible] [illegible]
"That's true," she said, "and I was wrong,
I won't do so again—
I'll make just [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] long
That it will [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]"
—Washington Critic.

She is "Grateful."

"I saved the life of my little girl by a prompt use of Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption."—Mrs. Wm. V. Harriman, New York.
H. C. HOBERMAN & Co.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

TO THE PUBLIC.

What the Committee of Citizens has Concerning the Marion Manufacturing Co.

A crisis has occurred in the affairs of the Marion Manufacturing Company. It is the crisis of prosperity. They come to the people of Marion asking them to aid them by stock subscription, not to build up the fallen fortunes of a bankrupt, but to enable a solvent, prosperous manufacturing concern to build the engines, separators, etc., now ordered, and daily added to, that the present capital forbids them to undertake. In their first business year they show a profit of thirteen per cent. In their second year, with not one-fourth the resources of such establishments they are confronted with a business equal to the largest and best. They can build and sell for cash or its equivalent every engine and separator they can possibly get out in 1889, with all the added capital they can secure. Their business already for 1889 almost equals 1888. They have scarcely capital sufficient for a thorough equipment, much less have they means to carry on such a business. They ask all persons seeking profitable and assured, safe and remunerative investment, to subscribe to the total amount of $25,000 in the additional capital stock of the company.

They are offered all this elsewhere. Marion is their home; here they prefer to stay. Join with them in this enterprise, to your profit, and they will build up here a large industry equal to the best that now so materially make up the prosperity of our city. They will give employment to a largely increased force of skilled mechanics. Shall they remain, or must they depart? Their books and business are open to the public. They invite inspection and investigation—the most searching to substantiate their statements. Finally they invite investment in a paying valuable stock. The proposition is a simple one. The Marion Manufacturing Company require and ask for a stock subscription of not less than twenty-five thousand dollars to be added to their present capital. The company is offered elsewhere all they ask. To remain here, is as before suggested, the hearty wish of all. A committee on subscription will afford our people an opportunity to take advantage of this offer of the company. The subscriptions should be promptly made and another impulse given to Marion's splendid growth and prosperity. COMMITTEE.

Clifton.

Mud knee deep.

Sugar-making time soon here.

Joe Huff, of Scott Town, was in town Wednesday.

Mrs. Monroe Dickson is still confined to her bed.

John Fahey, of Marion, superintendent of [illegible] House, was here to see his brother, Dennis, Saturday.

Mr. Dennis and John F. Kennedy, of Marion, was in town Monday, on business.

J. J. Mohr has accepted the agency of Wells Fargo Express Co. at Clifton.

Rev. Royal Miller, who is holding a protracted meeting at Spring Valley Church, was in town Wednesday on his way to Marion.

Dennis Fahey, who has been bed fast for the past week with lung fever, is a little better at this writing.

Dennis Fahey, Sr., and daughter, of Marion, are here visiting the family of their sick son and brother.

Kelley Collins is at Upper Sandusky this week on business relative to the recovery of a fine team of horses.

Mrs. Wm. White, of Marion, a relative of Wm. Bash, returned home Saturday, after a short visit with her friends here.

A. D. Southwick has opened up an agricultural store in the room occupied by J. H. Cottrell. A general supply will be kept on hand. Wm. Tuttle, of Agosta, is clerk.

Mrs. John Morrison, of Dolly, and Mrs. Thos. Espy, of Kenton, were in town last week visiting at D. H. Cottrell's.

Andrew Daniel and Scott Richards went to Cleveland last week to lay in a large stock of dry goods and groceries for Mr. Thomas.

We are informed that Jesse Richards, of Scott Town, will move to Clifton soon and engage in the grocery and dry goods business with his brother, Scott.

We are informed that a free-for-all fight occurred among some of the Hardman boys, north of us, Tuesday. No particular damage done excepting the demolishing of two or three.

Wayne Smith, a former blacksmith of this place, has returned to his first love and has opened up a shop in the old stand near the saw mill.

Now that Harrison has been seated, Isaac Marsh thinks better times are coming and is picking up large lots of hogs, sheep and cattle to feed.

Rev. Newsham, of Agosta, was to have preached here Sunday evening, but on account of sickness could not fill the appointment. Rev. Geo. Taft, however, filled his place, delivering a most excellent sermon.

Rev. Smith, of Kansas, was here last week visiting Mr. [illegible] Lippencott and family. The old Elder was prevailed upon to preach to our people which he did on Wednesday and Sunday evenings. The reverend gentleman is getting old, but bears up well under his age. His sermons were well chosen and delivered, and greatly appreciated by our citizens who attended.

We don't generally deal in politics through another man's paper from Clifton, but just now we can feel a Republican spirit that runs through the majority that makes us feel good and hope in a horse [illegible] will make everybody feel good—excepting possibly our Democratic friends. We expect great and good results from the new [illegible] Republican administration, and the sooner the better [illegible] [illegible]

March 5. JOE SNOOKS.

Syrup of Figs

Is Nature's own true laxative. It is the most easily taken, and the most effective remedy known to Cleanse the System when Bilious or Costive; to dispel Headaches, Colds and Fevers; to Cure Habitual Constipation, Indigestion, Piles, etc. Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Company, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold only by H. E. Porter & Co. and H. C. Hoberman & Co., druggists.

LaRue.

Rev. Jackson, of Hillsdale, Mich., has been with us for the past week and preached Sunday morning and evening. He is rather a good looking and pleasant man, and fills the pulpit creditably.

A. J. Knapp died at his home in this place last Sunday, aged about 60 years, and his funeral took place Tuesday, Rev. Crabtree officiating. This was Rev. Crabtree's first funeral sermon in LaRue and he acquitted himself and gave general satisfaction. Mr. Knapp has lived here and hereabouts for many years. His health has been very bad for the past six years and for nearly two years he has been confined to his room. He has been subject to frequent attacks of vomiting large quantities of mucous and disorganized blood, and has been unable for days together to retain even a small amount of the most easily digested food. About three years ago his condition became very serious and appearances indicated that his life was nearly spent, but tenacity of life with him was great, and by the best attention from his physician and friends he partially rallied and recovered so as to be about a little. He again became worse and a great part of the time since he has been unable to swallow scarcely at all and could swallow only when in an erect position. Last October his vomiting greatly increased in violence and swallowing became more difficult and painful. For five weeks previous to his death he did not retain sufficient nourishment to have made one full meal for a healthy person. Dr. Sawyer was his physician and, though he never had any well-founded hope of curing him, he was faithful to him and endeavored to render him as comfortable as he could. An autopsy was held in the afternoon of his death by Dr. Sawyer, assisted by young Dr. Bennett, who has been reading medicine in Dr. Sawyer's office for three years past, and who is now just home from attending a full term of medical lectures at Chicago. Dr. Scott was also present and assisted when necessary. This case was a singular one and of long standing, and Dr. Sawyer was anxious to have a post-mortem examination, to which the friends consented. I will endeavor to give a condensed statement next week. I was present as a spectator. The funeral was in charge of the Masonic order.

Dr. Sawyer was confined to the house about two weeks, but has resumed practice. Yesterday his buggy upset in the road and his horses went home with the front part and left him and the balance of it in the road this side of Marseilles. Nobody hurt. He was furnished a rig and came home.

One of our groceries was closed this week, Mr. Coffroth's.

Eli Waples has bought the livery stable occupied by Gaston & Mealy. He says when he sold that he was going to his farm near Scott Town. Gaston & Mealy will at once arrange another and go on without interruption. They give general satisfaction.

Don't know what will turn up next, but apparently there is a kind of a wait stop-ing here.

John Diebold was robbed at once. He had no insurance on his house.

It is reported that Galbraith have bought the I. F. Galbery farm.

There is not but a few scattered cases of sickness here, and Mills is not having a heavy business in the undertaking line.

Miss Finley has opened up a new millinery shop. Mrs. Harager and she last year run a dress making and millinery business as a firm, but now each run a shop.

The new hardware store is coming April 1st, and it will be opened in Marsh's room, formerly occupied by Anderson.

The inaugural I endorse wholly. I am glad that Windom is to be in the cabinet. I was well acquainted with him when he was a young man learning the tailor trade. He was a noble young man.

March 6. G.

Caledonia.

The frost is nearly out of the ground and mud—there is no end to it.

[illegible] lamps are of the dark kind as yet.

Winter wheat has suffered some with in the last fortnight from frosts. The stand however is a good one and well rooted and is able to stand considerable.

James Irwin and son, Calle, left Monday for Northwestern Nebraska to visit Mr. I.'s daughter.

A. W. Apt was called to Hancock county to attend the funeral of Gus. Assmann, his brother-in-law, who died of Bright's disease.

The two boys, Flood and McPeek, who run away, have returned home footsore and over anxious to repent. In the fullness of time those of us who have strayed away from the fold and care of our good Father will return as did they.

A few of the more enterprising citizens of our town met Monday evening and organized for the purpose of drilling for gas. The amount of stock necessary was easily raised and steps were taken to proceed at once to business. The well will go down inside the corporate limits.

After the White Cap notice, Mr. Thomas could be seen almost hourly in his back yard practicing shooting with a revolver. We have not learned of their appearance.

The Normal graduating class will give us an entertainment in Ludwig's Hall on Saturday evening, the 16th, entitled "The Last Loaf." By the way, the hall is being finished in an exquisite style and is deserving of the patronage of all well-wishers of the [illegible].

George Apt, Jr., left very quietly for the West last week. He will visit his cousin, John Apt, at Kansas City, Mo., and with his uncle, Benjamin Apt, also in Missouri.

The M. E. church is still carrying on its protracted meeting with fair success.

Frank Morrow is very sick.

Mrs. [illegible] Lindsey is on the sick list.

Mrs. A. J. Pittman has asked the courts to separate her from her husband, restore her maiden and grant to her the custody of the [illegible] Orpha.

[illegible] Pittman has very poor health—enduring [illegible] trouble of long standing.

[illegible] is coming and with it comes the songs of early spring birds and other sounds.

An attempt was made by unknown persons [illegible] the houses of Wm. Moon and [illegible] a few evenings since. They had drawn some money, which was in their houses.

Otta Seckel closes her school the 8th inst. after a successful and profitable term of four months.

A session of the Farmers' Institute is to be held here in the near future.

Porter Taylor has returned from his visit with his parents at Baltimore. His niece came with him and is the guest of Mrs. Robert Patten.

Our mills and the elevator seem to keep quite busy notwithstanding the muddy condition of the roads.

C. E. Kelly has purchased the Roberts lot and will build a fine house thereon the coming summer.

March 6. ABSON.

Normal Notes.

Miss Kenyon, of Waldo, registered this week.

A bouncing nine pound boy arrived Saturday morning to cheer the home of our friend, L. E. Sanderlin. We smoke. Ed.

Charles Conklin, of Prospect, visited the Normal one day this week.

Mr. Edwards, of Galion, was one of the callers in the woods this week.

Stengel and Campbell may a fly trip to Green Camp Monday.

Don't forget that tomorrow evening the Philomathean Dramatic Co. produce their new drama, The Martyr of Circumstances or Buttered Side Down. It is a combined comedy and tragedy in four acts. Great pains have been taken to make it an excellent rendition and it is well worth the price of admission, fifteen and twenty-five cents to all parts of the house. Come early and secure a seat.

Mr. Malone, of near Morral, visited his daughter yesterday.

F. T. Campbell made a fly trip to Caledonia Tuesday in the interest of the Dramatic Co.

Miss Libbie Howser will deliver some of her excellent musical recitations next Friday evening.

The spring term of the Normal commences Monday, March 18th. Classes formed for all studies.

The foundation is being laid for a new house on Franconia avenue.

A pleasant surprise party was held at Prof. Yale's last Friday, the event being in honor of Miss Clara's fifteenth birthday.

Obituary.

OWEN—Emerson, son of A. B. and Belle Owen, was born July 4th, 1882, died March 4th, 1889, aged 6 years, and 8 months.

The deceased died from the effects of a fall which he received on his head while coasting. He suffered intensely for about three weeks, bearing his affliction with great patience. He was a very bright little boy, apt to learn, a sweet singer, and beloved by all who knew him. The morning of the day of his funeral, March 6th, the school in the south building dismissed and came and viewed his mortal remains. His teacher, Miss Gast, prepared a very beautiful star of flowers for the funeral; also Miss Moore, a handsome basket of flowers.

In the death of this little boy the parents sustain a deep and trying loss. But their loss is his gain. The Lord comfort their hearts, and may they meet in glory to part no more. Funeral by Rev. P. Conklin.

Claridon-Adelaide.

Jacob Howser and daughter Emma were at Edison Wednesday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Mosher.

A grand school exhibition is announced for Saturday night. Let every one attend. It will be held in the old church.

Miss Fan. Dewey visited Mr. and Mrs. John Gruhle, at Caledonia, a few days last week.

Perry Fletcher, of Fayette Co., Illinois, visited relatives in this vicinity last week.

A protracted meeting is now in progress at the U. B. church of this place, conducted by Rev. Reynolds, of Cardington.

The "Anti-smoking" act was passed at the last regular session of the Claridon legislature.

W. F. Haney, who recently graduated from the Homeopathic medical college of Chicago, is home.

March 7th. N.

Promptness.

First a cold, then a cough, then consumption, then death. "I took Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption the moment I began to cough, and I believe it saved my life."—Walter N. Wallace, Washington.
H. C. HOBERMAN & Co.

Taking Care of Baby.

Mrs. Youngwife—Edison is a great inventor, isn't he, George?

"Yes; has he been doing anything new?"

"No, but he says that the phonograph can be used to sing babies asleep."

George who has lately had his first experience—It can't unless it can keep awake all night and walk the floor.—Chicago Herald.

What a Physician Says.

J. M. Loose Red Clover Co., Detroit:

I cheerfully furnish the following for publication.

Mrs. S., age 56, cancerous face, cell cancer, had tried many physicians, and on presenting to me was a horrible sight to look upon. Nose partly eaten away, deep pits in cheeks, forehead and chin. As a last hope I put her on Loose's Extract Clover Red—large doses internally, and as a local application. I used the Solid Extract in plaster form. She improved rapidly from the first week, and in four months was entirely well. Now eighteen months since treatment, and no signs of return.

JOHN J. WEAVER.

Ulceration of the leg. (Indolent Ulcer.) Recovered entirely after three months' treatment with Red Clover Tonic and Solid Extract Dressing. Now over year and no sign of return.

WALTER W. HUME.

Cancer of Lip and Skin Disease. Entirely cured with three months' treatment with Red Clover Tonic and Solid Extract Dressing. Now over year and no sign of return.

——— R ———

Secondary syphilis was entirely cured by Red Clover Tonic in three months, with none of the after results such as are left by mercury in such cases.

If you have any doubting physicians, they can write to me and I will give them a full history of each case.

DR. W. H. YARNALL.

Sold in Marion, O., by W. E. Foye, Druggist.

THE KOREAN STREETS.

H. N. ALLEN, SECRETARY OF THE LEGATION, WRITES ABOUT THEM.

The Labyrinths of Narrow Ways—The Upper Class of Koreans, and the Extreme Gorgeousness of Their Attire—Where Tobacco Smoking Is Enjoyed.

[Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Seoul, the capital of Korea, is a city of some 300,000 inhabitants. It lies in a basin of granite sand, surrounded by high mountains and their projecting ridges, over which climbs the high, thick, encircling wall of masonry, pierced at convenient points by massive, pagoda roofed gates, amply strong enough for defense against the weapons of war in use at the time of building this great relic of seclusion.

A SEOUL STREET.

The city is traversed by broad avenues from which runs a perfect labyrinth of narrow streets. Originally none of these streets were less than twenty feet wide, and some of the avenues leading up to the imposing gates of the palaces are even now a good 100 feet in width. But the streets have all been encroached upon by the little temporary thatched booths of the petty retail dealers, so that, with the exception of the approaches to the palaces, the line is broken, the streets made tortuous and only here and there a broad open spot indicates the original width of the thoroughfare. Originally every street was furnished with its sewer—open in the smaller streets, while the avenues were drained by great covered sewers of stone work. Occasionally the proprietor of one of the little temporary booths would put a foundation under his structure, building over the sewer, until now the streets have in many cases become mere crooked alleys, and but for the bountiful rains, the excellent natural drainage and the character of the soil, the mortality would be very great instead of being less than in ordinary American cities. No attempt is made towards street decoration, as that would attract the attention of thieves. The magnificent grounds of a nobleman, with their artificial lakes, flower gardens, water worn pillars of ancient rock and quaintly twisted trees, may be inclosed by a row of tumble down, smoke begrimed servant quarters, that would never indicate the beauty to be found hidden within its [illegible] exterior.

"Globe trotters" never seem to realize that a street in the east is apt to be but a "way" between two points, and as the usual oriental odors greet their nostrils and their eyes rest on the dirty servants and their quarters in velvet at [illegible] [illegible] the whole town.

There is attraction enough, however, in a Korean street for any one who is in search of strange sights. Looking down one of the broad thoroughfares of Seoul from a point on the city wall, the sun's rays, falling on the light colored garments of the pedestrians as they saunter along amid the bulls and ponies, produce a kaleidoscopic effect that is certainly charming. Passing down into the throng it will be seen to be made up mostly of men, with here and there a clump of common women, each closely veiled with a bright green gown made like the long outer garment of the men, and possessing little sleeves of crimson. This strange garment is never worn, but is always used as a covering for the fair sex. Tradition teaches that in ancient times, when wars were frequent, these were discarded and these gowns were worn by the wives and sisters, that in case of sudden call to arms, they could be thrown to their husbands and brothers to be worn [illegible]—hence the red sleeves upon which the gory sword was to be wiped.

The peculiar gauze "stove pipe" hat of the men, about which so much has been said, also has its origin in tradition as follows: In ancient days conspiracies were common, to prevent these an edict was issued compelling all men to wear great earthen ware hats, the size of an umbrella type of the countryman's hat in Korea today, except that the latter is made of finely woven [illegible]. This law became very [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the weight of the hats, and so [illegible] a very few men would [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to converse, and even then speech must bear their necessarily loud whispering. Little by little, therefore, the law began to be infringed upon till the people got down to the present airy structure of horse hair, silk and bamboo.

The custom of wearing white so extensively as they do is also accounted for by tradition. Mourning is a serious business in Korea, for on the death of a father the son must lay aside his gay robes and clothe himself in the bleached cotton of a very coarse texture. He wraps his waist with a rope girdle and puts on the umbrella hat which conceals the whole upper portion of his person. For further protection against intrusion he carries a white fan, and, should he smoke, his pipe must be wrapped with white. For three years he must wear this garb and must do no work, so that the resources of even a large and prosperous family may be thus exhausted.

A KOREAN TAVERN.

Should a king die the whole nation would be compelled to don this mourning garb, or rather they would be compelled to dress in white—the mourning color. Once, during a period of ten years, three kings died, necessitating a constant change of dress on the part of the people and a great outlay of money, for a Korean wardrobe is extensive and costly. Tradition has it, therefore, that to be ready for the caprice of their kings in the future the people adopted white as the national color.

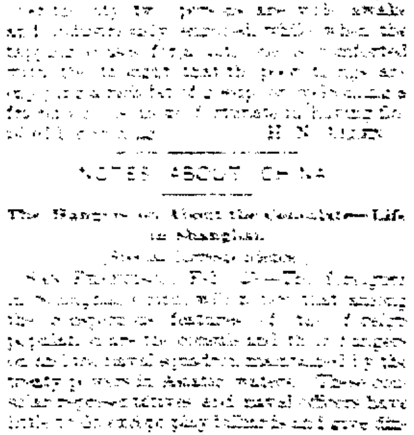
The nobility and wealthy persons who can afford it dress in rich, gayly colored silks, and even the common people add a little blue or green to their outside robes; so that when they wander about over the beautiful green hills in their favorite pastime of admiring the natural beauties of a remarkably beautiful and well preserved landscape, their bright gowns but add to the general effect. And a long procession of monks emerging from their high mountain temple and descending along the green mountain path, might be taken for a company of the spirits with which their literature abounds; especially will this be the case if, as is common, the region of the temple is shrouded with clouds.

But little of home life is seen along the streets, and the favored ones who may pass the great gates and traverse the many courts which lead to the fine inclosures of the nobility would see little of home life, as the women have quarters by themselves and are only seen by the men of their own family.

It is pleasant, however, to see the little groups of the working class sitting around the fire which is cooking their evening meal and at the same time heating the platform of paper and cement covered stones which form the floor of their bed chamber, and on which they will spread their mats and sleep. They will all be found to be smoking, and if tobacco was ever a blessing to any people it is to the lower classes in Korea, who find in it their greatest comfort. No one could see the solid enjoyment taken by a Korean coolie with his pipe without blessing the weed. As the fires burn low, and one by one the smokers have knocked the ashes from their pipes and sought the warm stone floor, a deep stillness settles over the profoundly dark city. The rich, deep notes of a great centrally located bell ring out as the watchman draws back a huge suspended beam of wood and releasing it lets it strike the bronze side of the heavy bell, from which vibration after vibration is sent forth upon the still night air.

Some weird music, which has been likened to that of Scotch bagpipes, is heard from the direction of the city gates, and the traveler, who is still threading the streets to his abode, feels thankful that he has arrived in time, for now the massive gates are closed and none may enter without royal permission. The street traveler will also hasten to his home or stopping place, for between the ringing of the evening chimes and the tolling of the bell to announce the approach of dawn all men must absent themselves from the streets, which then are taken possession of by the women, who, even then, as they flit about from house to house with their little paper lanterns, go veiled lest some passing [illegible] should see their faces.

The midnight stillness is broken by the barking of countless dogs, but as cats are in excess of their enemies are well as heard. Another sound is often in fact times heard throughout the whole night. It is peculiar to Korea and is [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in the country it never ceases. It is the drumming of the Korean laundry. To make the light [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. For this purpose the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] roller [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] frame. Two women [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] with a [illegible] in each hand, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] a small [illegible] [illegible] and they commence beating the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] make quite a [illegible] [illegible].



THE GATE OF A GENTLEMAN'S GROUNDS.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible], [illegible] this rhythmic rattle [illegible] [illegible] [illegible], and it is asserted that it [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] not settled so as a gall [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] two persons are wide awake and [illegible] enjoyed, while when the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] comforted with the thought that the poor [illegible] are [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] a few [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] fortunate in having [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. H. N. ALLEN.

NOTES ABOUT CHINA.

The Hangers-on About the Consulates—Life in Shanghai.

[Special Correspondence.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 28.—The foreigner in Shanghai, China, will note that among the conspicuous features of the foreign population are the consuls and their hangers-on [illegible] naval squadrons maintained by the treaty powers in Asiatic waters. These consular representatives and naval officers have little to do except play billiards and give dinners to each other, and appear in dress parade now and then. They are good sources of "the cumshaw" in a mercantile point of view, and go far toward making up the trade of Shanghai.

One thing which cannot fail to strike the traveler forcibly is the vast army of servants. There is no country in the world where such efficient servants can be had for as little money as in China. Basing an estimate upon the basis of there being 4,000 homes of foreigners at Shanghai there are 24,000 servants. Each of this number represents an average of five people depending for subsistence upon the wages paid for domestic labor by the 4,000 or 10,000 foreign residents. This list of servants refers only to the lower classes of labor in the homes and offices. Including the office clerks, natives and "compradores" in banks and stores, and mechanics and small shop keepers, all of whom depend upon foreigners for employment, it is safe to say that 30,000 people are employed by the 10,000, or no less than 150,000 natives subsist upon what the few Europeans pay for various classes of subordinate labor.

It is not strange, therefore, that this class of natives at Shanghai welcome all foreigners. The only classes in treaty ports of whom this may not be said are the literary and official classes. These, not having the same ready access to the foreign purse, do not extend such welcome.

In a country where labor is so ridiculously cheap, and as efficient as cheap, it is not a wonder that Europeans become lazy and dependent. Generally, every house has four domestics—that is, the home of a bachelor or small family. The first servant one meets on visiting a foreigner at his Chinese home is the gate keeper. This "officer" is rendered necessary by the fact that rural natives when they come to "town" have great curiosity to see how "foreign devils" live. They come upon the stoop and peer into the windows, and if the outer door is open will walk in and look around the rooms. I have frequently walked into native homes and spread my lunch uninvited. Next to the gate keeper comes the "boy." This functionary answers the door bell, and when you enter takes charge of your hat, stick and "top coat" or other wraps. When you sit at the table this same boy appears in white apron to wait upon the table. Foreigners visiting each other usually take their private servant along and these assist in serving the meal. It is a common occurrence to see a half dozen gentlemen sit down to dinner with a meek looking servant at the back of each.

Then there is the cook in the kitchen, who presides over the pots and pans. The fourth man is employed to run errands and do the marketing. All servants are men, women being engaged only as nurses to children and as scavengers to remove the garbage and sewerage from the homes.

When a fresh arrival comes he is waited upon by applicants for all sorts of positions in domestic service, and the ruling prices are from $3 to $6 per month, the average wages being $4. The servants all board themselves out of their wages.

A native in service to a foreigner feels the importance of his position. He is better clad and better kept than his class usually are. Then the chances for speculation are great. The man who buys your supplies and hires the other help and engages chair bearers for sedan journeys gets a scale from the shopkeepers of whom he buys and the men he employs. Foreigners pay more for the same class of labor and for native products than a native does, the advance being divided between the dealers and your "confidential" man or buyer. This source of income, added to the wages, makes a lucrative income to a native.

B. N. TOY.

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

A Brooklyn Lady Talks About the Sage of Chelsea and the Novelist.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, March 4.—Living unpretentiously in Brooklyn is a lady, still on the safe side of 40, who has been on terms of intimate friendship with men whose personal attributes and peculiarities dwell within the memory of but few persons, and are only set down in the pages of unsatisfying biographies. This lady is the niece of a celebrated English nobleman, whose statesmanship, as displayed while a member of an English cabinet of the early '70s, was the source of admiration by the liberal men of all parties. His niece, then a girl in her teens, acted as his private secretary, and in this position she had ample opportunity of knowing and studying many of the brilliant men who so distinguished that time.

When but a girl of 17 she was on terms of close intimacy with Thomas Carlyle, the sage of Chelsea, who, on account of his harsh eloquence and his lifelong war against "shams and humbugs," was for half a century called "the censor of the English nation." The death of his wife, Jane Welsh Carlyle, a noble and brilliant woman, who for nearly forty years had bravely borne the brunt of the dyspeptic philosopher's moody tactiness, affected Carlyle deeply. He was remorsefully conscious that his inconsiderate treatment of his wife had shadowed and chilled a remarkably enthusiastic and loyal nature, and to his close friends he often gave vent to his sorrow in gloomy regrets and passionate grief that he had taken such poor account of her devotion. Said the lady mentioned above:

"I used frequently to visit Carlyle at his home in Chelsea. He was evidently attracted by my exuberant youthfulness and enthusiasm, and we would often converse two or three hours at a time. It could hardly be called conversation, however, for he did all the talking. He spoke as though he were addressing a convocation of learned equals rather than a girl of 17 who had to perform some pretty difficult feats of mental gymnastics in order to thoroughly understand the drift of his erudite discourse. He would sit in an easy chair facing an old fashioned stove on which was always singing and bubbling an old black kettle. He smoked a pipe constantly, refilling it several times in the course of an hour. He was not so crusty and savage as some of his detractors claimed, and he often treated me with singular gentleness, even when I tried his patience sorely. I have a vivid recollection of one of these occasions. We were sitting together one rather dark afternoon, saying very little. He was dreamily puffing away at his pipe and looking at the coals in the fire. Some incident that had happened to him must have brought back old associations to his mind, for he suddenly began to talk of his dead wife. With the sanguine self confidence of a very young girl I said, 'You're a hypocrite, sir, for everybody knows that you treated her badly, and now you're lamenting and bewailing and lamenting. Hypocrite! Hypocrite!' I was only half serious, but when I saw him looking at me under his bushy eyebrows I thought I was in for a tremendous coal raking. But he only said: 'Ye not bonnie, lass, to speak sa.' Then, after a little while: 'Did I treat her ill, think ye? Did I?' I have no doubt that had I been a man or ten years older and spoken to him so I should have been shown the door amidst a flood of raging execrations. But I never had a tiff with him. Although I am convinced that he considered 'Sartor Resartus' his greatest work, he did not like to talk about it or have it mentioned. I made a note of this fact, and whenever I wished to tease him, as I am ashamed to confess I often did, I had only to say 'Sartor Resartus!' as I flounced out of the room, to throw him into a perfect fury. Although Carlyle could never be induced to take an active part in English politics, he had a deep interest in the workings of the government, even in the smallest details, and as I had access to many of these affairs through my uncle, Carlyle used to ask of me a great many questions about the men and things I had come in contact with."

This lady was also well acquainted with Charles Dickens, and told me many interesting things about the great novelist.

She said that Dickens [illegible] thoroughly in Tichborne claimant. She told many interesting stories about Lord Beaconsfield, Cardinal Manning and many other Englishmen and women whom she has known, and if her reminiscences were put in book form they would constitute a volume of rare interest.

CHARLES [illegible].

How He Lost Ten Years.

If the French newspaper La [illegible] is to be trusted, the "lifers" in New Caledonia afford the happiest examples of [illegible] of not being executed for murder. After five years these gentry, if well [illegible], are placed in the first class, can become land owners and are free to marry [illegible] convict in the same fortunate position. One of them, who has been thus successful, has sent for his two sons in France to join him in managing his coffee plantation. Unhappily he is in his sixty-sixth year. "Ah, sir," he said to the governor of the colony, "if I had but known! I ought to have committed that murder ten years earlier." This shows not only that whatever is worth doing is worth doing thoroughly, but that one should never put anything off.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Empire and Other Veils.

The empire veils are not generally seen. They have such a "tied up" look. They can only be worn on the large hats, and raised by having the little string untied under the chin. For driving in a cold wind they are more suitable. During the winter the seal veils, or the excellent imitations of them, have been popular. The little spotted ones are being worn rather longer, and, on dit, are to reach below the mouth, instead of barely to the tip of the nose.

INVALIDS ATTENTION!

DR. ALBERT whose wonderful cures of Nervous and Chronic Diseases have delighted his patients and astonished the medical fraternity, will be at the HOTEL MARION, MARION, O., on THURSDAY, MARCH 14th, until 3 p. m. only, where he will be pleased to meet his present and former patients, and and such others of the afflicted as are in need of medical treatment.

NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES.

DR. ALBERT will be pleased to see you at his rooms. To him you can frankly and fully state your trouble, relying implicitly upon his sympathy and discretion.

IT WILL COST YOU NOTHING FOR CONSULTATION and if you are not convinced of his skill, or favorably impressed by his manner, you are under no obligation to take his advice.

THURSDAY, MARCH 14TH, UNTIL 3 O'CLOCK P. M.

Spring Disorders

Shattered nerves, tired brain, impure blood, debilitated system, all are the natural outcome in the Spring. A medicine must be used, and nothing equals Paine's Celery Compound. We let others praise us—you cannot help believing a disinterested party.

Brigadier-General W. L. Greenleaf, Burlington, Vt., writes: "I have used Paine's Celery Compound on several occasions, and always with benefit. Last spring, being very much run down and debilitated, I commenced taking it. Two bottles made me feel like a new man. As a general tonic and spring medicine I do not know of its equal."

"I have used two bottles of your Paine's Celery Compound, and it has given entire satisfaction as an appetizer and blood purifier."
T. L. BENNER, Watertown, Dakota.

Paine's Celery Compound

is prescribed by physicians, recommended by druggists, endorsed by ministers, praised by users, and guaranteed by the manufacturers, as a spring medicine which will do all that is claimed for it. Use it this spring, and see how quickly it tones you up.

Purifies the Blood.

Full accounts of wonderful cures made by Paine's Celery Compound after other medicines and the best physicians had failed, sent free. There's nothing like it.

$1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

Color Anything any Color. Simple, Durable, Economical. *IT IS EASY TO DYE WITH DIAMOND DYES* *36 Colors, 10 cents each.*

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE STAR.

$1,000 Reward!

FOR EVERY CASE OF

Nasal or Post Nasal Catarrh

—THAT—

DR. LIVINGSTON'S

POSITIVE CURE FOR CATARRH

FAILS TO CURE.

Every bottle is guaranteed or money refunded when our rules and instructions are carried out in full. The only catarrh medicine of merit, and the only Company that gives you this chance. This is to show the public that we do not come before the people with a worthless nostrum, but one of merit. Do not let your druggist sell you a bottle unless it has our guarantee on same. For sale by all drug trade. **Price, $1.00 Per Bottle.** If your druggist does not have it, send $1, and we will pay express charges.

LIVINGSTON MEDICINE CO., - DAYTON, OHIO.

CITY TIME TABLE

Following is the time of arrival of and departure of trains at and from the several depots in this city, according to the latest chances.

ERIE.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 7	10:50 a. m.	No. 12	5:20 a. m.
No. 37	8:20 a. m.	No. 6	12:05 p. m.
No. 5	2:55 p. m.	No. 38	3:30 p. m.
No. 3	11:05 p. m.	No. 8	10:15 p. m.

BEE LINE.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	4:05 a. m.	No. 8	3:15 a. m.
No. 3	10:23 a. m.	No. 10	8:15 a. m.
No. 5	3:25 p. m.	No. 2	2:43 p. m.
No. 9	11:28 p. m.	No. 6	9:57 p. m.
Local	9:30 a. m.	Local	2:13 p. m.

C., H. V. AND T.

NORTH.		SOUTH.	
No. 1	5:41 p. m.	No. 2	9:53 a. m.
No. 3	8:37 a. m.	No. 4	8:40 p. m.

C. AND A.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	8:00 a. m.	No. 12	5:20 a. m.
No. 5	2:55 p. m.	No. 10	7:15 p. m.
No. 17	8:30 p. m.	No. 30	7:00 p. m.
No. 3	10:45 p. m.	No. 8	10:45 p. m.
No. 23	6:00 a. m.	No. 18	12:01 p. m.

Schedule of Mail Trains.

C. & A.—West	8:00 a. m.
C.H. V. & T.—North	8:37 a. m.
C. H. V. & T.—South	9:58 a. m.
C. C. C. & I.—West	10:27 a. m.
Erie—East	12:05 p. m.
C. C. C. & I.—East	2:47 p. m.
Erie—West	2:55 p. m.

Day mails close one-half hour before schedule time of departure, except C. & A., which closes 10 minutes earlier than one-half hour.

NIGHT MAILS.

C. C. C. & I., South of Delaware	8:40 p. m
Columbus	8:40 p. m
C. C. C. & I., North of Galion	3:22 a. m
Chicago	11:10 p. m

☞ Night mails close at 8:30 and 9 p. m., city time.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in **NEW YORK**

WHY: YOUR LIVER IS OUT OF ORDER

You will have SICK HEADACHES, PAINS IN THE SIDE, DYSPEPSIA, POOR APPETITE, feel listless and unable to get through your daily work or social enjoyments. Life will be a burden to you.

DR. C. McLANE'S CELEBRATED *LIVER PILLS*

Will cure you, drive the POISON out of your system, and make you strong and well. They cost only 25 cents a box and may save your life. Can be had at any Drug Store.

☞ Beware of COUNTERFEITS made in St. Louis. ☜

IVORY POLISH For the TEETH, PERFUMES THE BREATH. ASK FOR IT.

FLEMING BROS., - Pittsburgh, Pa.

LADIES

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home, with

Peerless Dyes

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. 40 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by L. H. FLOCKEN, or H. C. HOBERMAN & CO.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

H. J. SCHOLL

MANUFACTURER

—AND—

Wholesale Dealer

—IN—

Choice Cigars

Everybody smokes his make of cigars.

Why Not Own a Farm?

We are agents for the sale of the following lands at prices ranging from $1.25 to $5 per acre.

500,000 acres in Kentucky.
500,000 acres in Tennessee.
600,000 acres in Alabama.
1,200,000 acres in Mississippi.
500,000 acres in Louisiana.
3,500,000 acres in Florida.
2,000,000 acres in Texas.
1,500,000 acres in South Dakota.

Almost any young man can buy 80 acres of land every year with for what he spends foolishly. In a few years these lands will bring ten times what they cost now.

H. T. & G. H. VANFLEET,
Gen'l Land Agents.

A Narrow Escape.

Col. W. K. Nelson, of Brooklyn came home one evening, feeling a peculiar tightness in the chest. Before retiring, he tried to draw a long breath but found it almost impossible. He suffered four days from pneumonia, and the doctors gave him up. Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption saved him and he is well today.

H. C. HOBBERMAN & CO.

Street Car Stables Burned.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 7. The Metropolitan street car stables on Third street burned last night. Six men are supposed to have perished in the flames, as that many employes had retired and have not been found. Loss $50,000. Seventy-five mules were also burned.

Fight to a Finish.

BOSTON, March 7.—Frank Murphy and Ike Weir have signed to fight to a finish with bad gloves, Queensberry rules, between March 28 and 30, within 250 miles of Chicago, $1,250 to winner and $250 to loser, Dick Roche, of St. Louis, to choose the referee.

A Heavy Failure.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—The Farmers' union mercantile firm, of Livermore, Cal., has assigned. Liabilities estimated at $145,000; assets not known.

A Luxury and Necessity.

For rich and poor who wish to enjoy good health, and who do not wish to resort to bitter, nauseous liver medicines and cathartics, is the concentrated California liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Sold by H. C. Hoberman & Co. and L. H. Flocken & Co., druggists.

Take it in Time.

"For want of a nail, a shoe was lost; for want of a shoe, a horse was lost; for want of a horse, a rider was lost." Never neglect small thing. The first signs of pneumonia, and consumption can positively be checked by Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption.

H. C. HOBBERMAN & Co.

An Historical Character Dead.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, March 7.—Francis V. De Grisselli died at Storm Lake on Sunday and was buried at C......, in this county, Tuesday. De Griselli was the private secretary to Gen. Motellot, who was with Napoleon I at St. Helena. He was with Napoleon in seventeen campaigns and was banished by Napoleon III in 1853. He spent six months in England and came from there to Dubuque.

—Dr. B. Mincer, the eminent optician of Detroit, Mich., who is now a resident of Marion, will visit every town in this county. Any one suffering with weak eyes, or eyes abused by inferior glasses, should not fail to see him. Orders left at the postoffice will be promptly attended to. No extra charge for examination or visiting patients at their home. On Saturdays and Sundays he can be found in his office at residence, No. 25, Silver street. 16dly.

EXERCISE FOR GIRLS.

THE APPLICATION OF CALISTHENICS COMMENTED UPON.

Physicians and Members of the Board of Education of Philadelphia Express a Diversity of Opinion—All Agree, However, That Some Exercise Is Necessary.

A number of prominent men, who are in a position to know, expressed their ideas in regard to the effect produced by the use of calisthenics. The subject, which was discussed by the Homœopathic Medical society, is thoroughly familiar to them, and their opinions varied to a considerable degree. The men who gave their ideas so freely included several members of the board of education and Drs. Korndoerfer, Mohr, Van Baun and Betts.

Superintendent MacAlister said: "Judicious exercise is essential to everybody. The lady who teaches calisthenics in the Girls' Normal school understands her business. There may be some pupils to whom the use of these exercises is injurious, and in that case the fault lies with the parents. Calisthenics as practiced at the Normal school are not violent, and are not injurious as far as I know."

THE DOCTORS ARE GRANNIES.

A. S. Jenks, of the Normal school committee: "The doctors who made such a statement are old grannies. After a child has been sitting in a school room for five hours a little exercise is needed. Calisthenics have been practiced in the Normal school for fifteen years that I know of, and I never heard of a single case of sickness or bad health resulting. The weights used are light ones, and would not harm an infant. They are a great benefit and should be used more extensively than they are. The chest is expanded and the muscles given full play. I'll wager that none of the physicians ever saw the pupils at exercise."

Dr. Mohr: "I have been misunderstood on this question. I never intended to say that calisthenics were generally injurious. With some scholars they are, but with the majority the pupil's health is benefited. They are not nearly so hurtful as the long sessions which a scholar is obliged to sit out and not get their regular midday meal."

Dr. Korndoerfer: "I do not wish it to be understood that I am finding fault with the board of education. I am not. I only desire to point out an error and show how it can be remedied. The present system of calisthenics is a bad one. They should use Lewis' system. At present the exercise is entirely too violent. The arms are thrown out and upwards with great force. Why, it's enough to tear the child's chest to pieces. Then, again, the children are told to bend their bodies backward. They do so, and, as a result, the child comes home and complains of a sore back. I advocate the use of light weights, slow movements, increasing in motion only as the muscles and joints become accustomed to the rapid movement. The practice should be repeated daily, and not left for a week at a time, as it is now."

THE METHOD NOT PROPERLY APPLIED.

Dr Van Baun: "I indorse calisthenics when they are properly applied to the individual pupil. I consider the method at the Girls' Normal school open to criticism. The suits cause the removal of the ordinary skirts and are much shorter and of lighter material. The selection and length of time devoted to the exercise is often injudicious, frequently causing fatigue. I know that Class C, No. 3, is exercised every other Friday for two consecutive hours, while a number of B classes had an hour daily for two weeks. An ordinary pupil cannot stand such work as this."

Dr. Betts: "I consider the requirements of the Girls' Normal school, together with the long hours, as too great a strain on the health of many of the pupils. I have frequently noticed that girls began their work in the fall with ruddy faces and all the evidences of good health, and by the following June they looked wan and tired and complained of poor health."

Simon Gratz: "The doctors who object to calisthenics in the Normal school don't know what they are talking about. The weights are of light wood and the motion is not violent or jerky. The dresses are of heavy woolen material and are much warmer than their ordinary street dresses. I have never known of a girl complaining since the method has been in use. We use Dio Lewis' system and that proves that the physicians don't know what they are talking about. The scholars like it and the School of Practice scholars, little 6-year-old tots, are especially delighted."

A girl in Class B: "It's absurd to say that the exercises are too violent. The force of the movement is not sufficient to injure a baby. As to the scholars looking 'wan and tired,' that is rather due to the overcrowded condition of the classes and the lack of proper ventilation, which we often experience. The exercises do not continue for two hours on any occasion, and our teacher is very considerate of our comfort."—Philadelphia Times.

It Costs Five Cents a Drop.

"It's oil of roses," said the drug clerk. "Look out!" and he made a dive with the stopple and it struck the reporter's palm. Half an hour later the writer had occasion to remember the incident, for the scent of the roses kept lingering. Ablutions were no good, for the sickening odor pervaded everything. It created a headache and an aversion for attar of roses that will last forever. "It comes high," said the drug clerk, "and you ought not to kick. It's five cents a drop for folks who care to pay for it. I had been putting some of it into a bottle of smelling salts when I daubed it at you. Curious, though, how tastes differ. At a ball in Lewiston this winter I dropped ten drops of oil of roses on a young fellow's vest. It cost him half a dollar, and when he went out of the store he left a trail of roses behind him. I wouldn't have had it on my clothing for a hundred dollars and have been compelled to wear it. I'll bet that he made his partner weary in the waltz."—Lewiston Journal.

A Diamond Among the Marbles.

Mrs. L. C. Abraham, then living on Euclid avenue, lost a diamond which was one of a pair of ear rings, the pair being valued at $1,000. The diamond when lost was incased in a gold ball. More than ten months passed, and, as there was no response to the advertisements, it was given up as lost. But strange things happen in this prosaic world, and Mrs. Abraham is again in possession of her diamond. It was returned to her last Friday, and it came about in this way. About the time the stone was lost a workman named John Scott happened to look into the gutter and there saw the small golden ball. He picked it up and the next day showed it to some of his fellow employes. He even offered it as a gift to the workman at the next bench to him, but he said: "What do I want with the thing? It's no good; only a brass plaything."

So Scott took it home and gave it to his children. The little ones had a bag of marbles, and they added the golden ball to the collection, rolling it about the floor. This sort of thing was kept up for ten months. One day last week a woman living in the neighborhood called on the Scott family and the youngsters were rolling the golden ball about the floor. The woman picked it up, examined it closely and said: "Why, there's a crease right around the center of it." The two women went to work on it until the gold ball was opened, and right in the center of it was a dazzling and precious gem. A consultation was held among the neighbors and Scott took the diamond down to Chafer & Becker's and showed it to Mr. Becker, who advised him to advertise it. Finally the advertisement was read by Mrs. Abraham. Her husband went down to see it, and could scarcely believe his eyes when he beheld the sparkling gem lost by his wife nearly a year ago. He gave the finder a reward of $50 and restored the missing earring to his wife.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Coal as a Factor in Civilization.

Professor J. S. Newberry, of Columbia college, New York, in a recent lecture on "Coal, the Dominant Factor in Modern History," said: "Few persons have realized the magnitude and dignity of the work coal is doing in the world, and fewer still have thought that it is really the sunshine of by gone ages, and that it has once composed the tissues of various strange plants, some of which are among the most graceful and beautiful of vegetable forms. Buried in the earth or covered with water, vegetable fiber decays or oxidizes slowly, forming, in successive stages of decomposition, peat, lignite, coal, anthracite, graphite, the hydro-carbon gases and petroleum. By regulating and controlling the further oxidation of these we are able to utilize the resulting force as light or heat or motive power.

"To help you to realize the potency of this wonderful substance, coal, let me recall to your memories the measurements of the power evolved in its combustion. It is estimated that with the average engines now in use, about 1,500,000 foot pounds are practically evolved from the combustion of a pound of coal, and are available in the performance of any work done. Now, this is about the power exerted in a day's labor of an average man. Hence a ton of coal is capable of yielding an amount of force equivalent to that of six and two-thirds men, or of six men and a well grown boy, throughout the year. Or, the annual production of coal in this country and Great Britain is equivalent to a thousand million men working for a year."

Spare the Church Bell.

A lady friend takes for a text the statement that a young lady was run over and killed the other day, and that the horse received its fright from the ringing of church bells. She then suggests that the ringing be stopped, saying that it is unnecessary in these days of costly clocks and gold watches. Well, perhaps it is, but when we consider that so many things of the past are being swept aside in the march of progress we do feel like clinging to few of the old traditions, and keeping up some of the customs our ancestors inaugurated. Nothing of a clear, bright Sunday morning gives one half so much pleasure as the music of the bells of a dozen churches floating out upon the air. They tell a story of something better, something of the mystical future that even a sermon cannot impart. But to return to the frightened horse. Anything else might have produced the same result, for a horse that would take fright at a church bell ringing would be liable to run away on a slighter provocation. This is the first instance of the kind on record.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Convict Ingenuity.

The Detroit police have in their possession a number of remarkable articles, the workmanship of convicts. Among them are six oil paintings by Ben Moyler, a forger; a finely carved bone toothpick, the work of Al Little, a well known crook, cut with a jack knife; a colored image of a red wing blackbird in flight, also carved by Little from a meat bone; a very graceful mirror frame, the work of Con Kane, another notorious crook; a work box composed of 3,000 pieces of wood, made by Clarkson, a forger; and a curious bottle, containing a miniature tree, on whose branches sit gayly colored birds. This tree was made in pieces by a famous crook named Joe Coveyeau with a broken bladed jack knife and a piece of wire and put together inside the bottle.—Detroit News.

Coasting Without Snow.

Many of the streets of Astoria, Oregon, are as precipitous as those of our rugged New England, and furnish ample grades for the prosecution of that old pastime, sliding down hill.

Snow seldom if ever falls, but the climate is so moist that, at the freezing point, nights and mornings, a thick coat of white frost covers the planked roadways, which are turned into extempore toboggan slides. The amusement is so enjoyable that it is kept up into the small hours of the morning by old and young, the speed attained frequently exceeding that of the ordinary railway train.—Scientific American.

LONG LIFE.

There is nothing in the world more generally desired than long life, yet the majority of people put off caring for their health—not because they are really careless, but because we live our lives at such a pace we have not time to give the subject sufficient thought until we receive a reminder in the shape of a severe illness.

Then, too, we are constantly bewildered by the various schools of medicine, and the physicians who represent them, and often blunder in our choice of a doctor.

If people only knew that the very best health-keeper, life-preserver, and disease-preventer that has yet been discovered, is simmered down into a concentrated and very palatable form in the shape of New Style Pleasant Taste Vinegar Bitters, they would not hesitate a moment to try it.

But they do not know. How can they know, when so many not only worthless, but positively injurious drugs are constantly flooding the market under various names guises, that the New Style Vinegar Bitters is as bad as any of them?

They do not know, of course, unless they have the courage to try the New Style. It straightens out a tangled-up system in a very short while, and those who buy it once buy it always.

Why don't you try it, reader? It is sent out by a responsible house, and is exactly as represented. It costs but a dollar for a very large bottle. Try it once and you will never be so glad of anything in your life. Your druggist may not have it, but he will order it for you. Be sure it says New Style Pleasant Taste on carton and bottle before you take it. Try it, and you will feel happier than if you had found a gold mine, for it really is a mine—of health.

Free from alcohol and opium; composed of expensive herbs and roots, with a fine, delicate flavoring.

Send for a beautiful book free.

VINEGAR BITTERS
PURELY VEGETABLE
FREE FROM ALCOHOL
DR WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS

R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO.,
Cor. Washington & Charlton Sts.,
NEW YORK CITY.

HOXSIE'S
STRIKES AT THE ROOT OF THE DISEASE
DISKS

The greatest of all pocket remedies, for hoarseness, loss of voice, Bronchitis, Asthma, and tickling cough. 25 cents.

MEN ONLY. Cure for weakness, nervousness, lack of manly vigor, development, confidence, etc. BOOK FREE. Erie Med. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Model Newspaper

THE NEW YORK

MAIL AND EXPRESS

The Advocate of the Best Interests of the Home—The Enemy of the Saloon. The Friend of American Labor. The Favorite Newspaper of People of Refined Tastes Everywhere.

The New York MAIL AND EXPRESS, the favorite American newspaper of many people of intelligent and cultivated tastes, has recently made some noteworthy improvements, materially increasing its general excellence. It is in the broadest sense

A National Newspaper,

most carefully edited, and adapted to the wants and tastes of intelligent readers throughout the entire country—North, South, East and West. It is a thoroughly clean paper, free from the corrupting, sensational and demoralizing trash, miscalled news, which defiles the pages of too many city papers.

OUR POLITICS.

We believe the Republican party to be the true instrument of the POLITICAL PROGRESS of the American people; and holding that the honest enforcement of its principles is the best guarantee of the national welfare, we shall support them with all our might; but we shall always treat opposing parties with consideration and fair play.

AGAINST THE SALOON.

The MAIL AND EXPRESS is the recognized National organ of the great Anti-Saloon Republican movement. It believes that the liquor traffic as it exists to-day in the United States is the enemy of society, a fruitful source of corruption in politics, the ally of anarchy, a school of crime, and, with its avowed purpose of seeking to corruptly control elections and legislation, is a menace to the public welfare and deserves the condemnation of all good men.

Send for Sample Copy

They are sent free to all who apply.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—WEEKLY, per year, $1.00; six months, 60 cents; three months, 30 cents. DAILY, per year, $6.00; six months, $3.00; three months, $1.50; one month, 50 cents.

VALUABLE PREMIUMS are given to all subscribers and agents. We want a good agent in every town and village where we have not one now at work. Send for our Special Circular to Agents and see our liberal offers.

You Can Make Money

by accepting our Cash Commission offers or working for our valuable and popular premiums. Address the MAIL AND EXPRESS, New York City.

FAST TRAINS OVER THE ERIE

—FOR—

Buffalo, New York, Boston, Saratoga, Albany and Other Eastern Cities.

The Only Road Running Solid Train to New York.

3 THROUGH TRAINS. 3

—WITH—

Pullman Palace Sleeping Coaches, Pullman Buffet Sleeping Coaches, Pullman Hotel Coaches, Parlor Cars and Elegant Day Coaches.

TIME TABLE ADOPTED Dec. 2, 1888.

☞ Central Time, 28 minutes slower than Columbus Time

Trains depart from Marion, O., as follows

WESTWARD.	DEPART.
No. 7, daily except Sunday	10:50 a.m.
No. 5, daily	2:55 p.m.
No. 37, Way, daily except Sunday	8:20 a.m.
No. 3, daily	11:05 p.m.

EASTWARD.	DEPART.
No. 12, daily	5:20 a.m.
No. 6, daily, except Sunday	12:05 p.m.
No. 38, daily except Sunday	3:30 p.m.
No. 8, daily	10:45 p.m.

Pullman Palace Coaches on all through trains.

E. B. THOMAS, Second Vice President.
L. P. FARMER, G. P. A., New York City.
W. C. RINEARSON, A. G. P. A., Cleveland.
W. W. DUNNAVANT, Div. Pas. Ag't, Warren, O

CHICAGO & ATLANTIC

RAILWAY

With its Pullman Built Equipment, Substantially Constructed Roadway and Low Rates of Fare, Insures a Safe, Speedy and Economical Journey to All Points East and West. Write to your nearest railway agent for the

Attractive Low Rates

Via this line.

TIME TABLE, Taking Effect Dec. 2, 1888.

EASTWARD.

	No. 8.	No. 10.	No. 12.	No. 16
Lv. Chicago	2.25‡	8.45§	8.10‡	5.25‡
" Archer Avenue	2.35	8.55	8.20	5.45
" Englewood	2.55	9.15	8.40	6.05
" Hammond	3.25	9.45	9.15	6.40
" Crown Point	.....	10.19	9.42	7.35
" Kouts	.....	11.01	.....	8.22
" North Judson	.....	11.31	*10.55	9.00
" Rochester	5.40	12.35‡	11.50	
" Akron	.....	1.01	*12.16§	
" Newton	6.16	1.25	12.37	No. 18
" Bolivar	.....	1.28	.....	
" Huntington	6.55	2.25	1.15	6.00§
" Kingsland	.....	3.05	.....	*6.30
" Decatur	7.45	3.39	2.12	7.35
" Enterprise	.....	4.10	2.40	8.30
" Spencerville	.....	4.44	3.06	9.10
" Lima	8.55	5.12	3.24	9.45
" Preston	.....	5.45	.....	*10.20
" Kenton	9.43	6.10	4.15	10.55
Ar. Marion	10.30	7.15	5.00	12.01‡
" New York	11.07		7.57	
" Boston	6.15§		12.40‡	

WESTWARD.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 17.
Lv. Marion	8.00§	11.20‡	8.15‡	3.30‡
" Kenton	8.50	12.10§	3.55	4.45
" Preston	9.17	.....	.....	*5.25
" Lima	9.45	1.05	4.38	6.15
" Spencerville	10.14	.....	.....	6.55
" Enterprise	10.45	1.50	5.22	7.40
" Decatur	11.28	2.27	5.50	8.40
" Kingsland	11.58	.....	.....	[illegible]
" Huntington	1.00‡	3.25	6.50	[illegible]
" Bolivar	1.12	.....	.....	
" Newton	1.45	4.03	7.22	
" Akron	2.14	.....	.....	No. 15.
" Rochester	2.38	4.45	8.00	
" North Judson	3.54	.....	.....	6.10§
" Kouts	4.25	.....	.....	7.30
" Crown Point	5.16	.....	.....	8.12
" Hammond	6.05	7.25	10.25	8.50
" Englewood	6.30	7.55	10.55	9.20
" Archer Avenue	7.00	8.15	11.15	9.40
Ar. Chicago	7.10	8.25	11.25	9.50
Lv. New York		8.30‡	5.10	
" Boston		8.00	8.30§	

Nos. 8, 12, 16, 3, 5 and 15 daily. Where time is not shown trains do not stop. Nos. 17 and 18 daily except Sunday. * stop on signal. ‡ p.m. § a.m.

F. C. DONALD, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Chicago.
T. W. BURROWS, Superintendent, Chicago.

Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo R'y

TIME CARD.

Taking Effect Nov. 18th, 1888.

(Central Time.)

NORTH BOUND.

River Division.	No. 3. Daily except Sunday	No. 7. Daily except Sunday
Lv. Pomeroy	3.30pm	6.25am
" Gallipolis	4.21pm	7.37am
" McArthur Jc	5.55pm	12.05pm

Hocking Valley Division.	No. 1. Daily	No. 3. Daily
Lv. Athens	7.00am	6.05pm
" Logan	8.15am	7.20pm
" Lancaster	8.58am	8.03pm
Ar. Columbus	10.15am	9.25pm

Toledo Division.	No. 3. Daily.	No. 1. Daily.
Lv. Columbus	7.00am	4.00pm
" Delaware	7.53am	4.55pm
" Prospect	8.17am	5.20pm
" MARION	8.37am	5.41pm
" Up S'nd'sky	9.15am	6.25pm
" Carey	9.35am	6.55pm
" Fostoria	10.05am	7.25pm
Ar. Toledo	11.25am	8.40pm

SOUTH BOUND.

Toledo Division.	No. 2. Daily.	No. 4. Daily.
Lv. Toledo	7.00am	5.00pm
" Fostoria	8.23am	6.53pm
" Carey	8.55am	7.24pm
" Up.S'nd'sky	9.15am	8.00pm
" MARION	9.53am	8.40pm
" Prospect	10.13am	9.00pm
" Delaware	10.37am	9.24pm
Ar. Columbus	11.30am	10.20pm

Hocking Valley Division.	No. 4. Daily	No. 2. Daily
Lv. Columbus	8.00am	4.00pm
" Lancaster	9.18am	5.23pm
" Logan	10.06am	6.20pm
Ar. Athens	11.15am	7.30pm

River Division.	No. 4. Daily except Sunday	No. 8. Daily except Sunday
Ar. McArthur Jc	12.05pm	9.22am
" Gallipolis	1.41pm	1.55pm
" Pomeroy	2.32pm	2.30pm

NOTE ON RUNNING OF TRAINS.

Trains Nos. 3 and 4 Toledo division, will carry Monarch Parlor Car between Toledo and Columbus.

Direct connections made in Union Depot at Columbus for Newark, Zanesville, Pittsburg, Wheeling, Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia; also for Dayton, Cincinnati, Louisville and all points South and Southwest.

☞ Close connections at Toledo for Detroit and all points in Michigan and Canada.

H. J. FALKENBACH,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent,
Columbus, Ohio
G. R. CARR, General Supt.

Only Thirty Days More

At the Old Stand, Four Weeks More of

SACRIFICE SALE!

At the Old Bennett Block.

In these Last Thirty Days goods will be Slaughtered More Than Ever. I am COMPELLED TO SELL or Move My Goods, and would sooner sacrifice them to my customers, no matter at what price, than move them somswhere else. I. will not find room enough anyhow for all the clothing left. I have received some

SPRING GOODS

And I will make it worth your while to buy them now. Spring Suits, Spring Pants—Men's, Boys' and Children's. You can buy a nice suit for a child for $1:25: a handsone line of $2 suits for children. A large line of Spring Pants, late styles and designs.

FLANNEL & WHITE SHIRTS

Of all kinds and styles. A Flannel Shirt for 15c; a good White Shirt for 50c, the best in the market for that money; Cambric Shirts and Collars for 50c. I have received a very large line of HATS and will offer them at less than usual prices.

You Can Save 25 Per Cent. at

SAM OPPENHEIMER'S,

IN THE OLD BENNETT BLOCK.

SANFORD'S!

$3.00 Will buy a Choice Tea Set that has heretofore cost a much larger sum.

$3.00 Will buy a Chamber Set that nobody should miss at that figure.

$9.75 Will buy a Dinner Set never before offered at such a low figure.

All Choicely Decorated.

☞ These offers are for ONE WEEK ONLY! *Don't miss seeing them.*

FOR SALE. House and lot, centrally located. House containing 7 rooms in first-class condition. Will be sold on easy payments.
62w9 Geo. D. Copeland.

FOR RENT.—A new house of eight rooms on south West street. Inquire of Emma Kowalke, south Main street.

FOR RENT.—Rooms formerly occupied by Star office. Re-painted, re-papered, good order. Also rooms now occupied by Dr. Clark, in Fite block. Call on L. Fite.

FOR RENT. The store-room adjoining Vail's gallery, in the Centennial block well fitted for dry goods or other merchandise. Rent reasonable. Inquire of Jacob Kesler. 9d1

FOR SALE. And be removed immediately the building occupied by Wesley Harsch, near City Hall, on South street. Will sell very cheap if sold this week. Call on John F. Uhler. 6st6

WANTED. A dwelling house reasonably close to the central part of town, suitable for a small family. Parties having such property for rent will please call at Harraman's grocery.

WANTED. Temperate, energetic men to solicit orders for our choice nursery stock. Steady work and good pay. The business easily learned. Reference required. Address, R. G. Chase & Co., 1430 S. Penn Sq. Philadelphia.

FOR SALE. Very cheap for cash, one baby carriage and one baby cradle. Inquire at this office. 3Stf

CLAIRVOYANT. Prof. Fred Howard Pierce, the celebrated Clairvoyant of Milwaukee, Wis., tells the past, present, future, troubles in love, marriage, business, loss of property, etc., also the name or description of the one you will marry. Prices, Gents $1.00, Ladies 50 cents. At Mrs. Hatch's, east of Evangelical church.

STAR OFFICE TELEPHONE NUMBER 51.

Take your laundry to Flaherty's Barber Shop.

—William Gutherage, of the United States Rolling Stock Co., Hedgewich, Ill., was in this city Wednesday, and left Wednesday evening for New York City.

CHASE & HUNTER.

FOR SALE—Residence lot on Boulevard, west side, near Center street, for $500 cash.

FOR SALE—House and lot on Oak street, $1400: 6 good rooms; barn 16x20.

FOR SALE—Property of five rooms and good cellar: plenty of out-building, considerable small fruit; on Bain avenue; $1500.

Use Foye's Italian Liniment.

—Try a 25 cent meal at Fies & Ballantine's new restaurant.

—Try the Troy Steam Laundry of Dayton. Patsy Flaherty, agent.

—A new line of baby carriages just received at W. C. Rapp & Co's.

—John Bland and Wm. Obern, of Waldo, were in town Wednesday on business.

—Lowell Elliot is away in the interest of the Steam Shovel Co., at Toledo and Findlay.

—William Hinds, of Caledonia, was the guest of J. W. Hinds and family, on East street today.

—Sidney Moore, Frank Merritt and E. D. Thompson, of Delaware, were in town Wednesday.

—M. L. Kirchner was at Delaware Wednesday, called there by the serious illness of his father.

—William Wilkison, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., has accepted a position as night clerk at Hotel Marion.

—Richard Blew and wife, of Caledonia, were the guests of friends and relatives in this city today.

When you want a good, a choice lunch or oysters in any style call at Fies & Ballantine's, south Main street.

—A. M. Todd left today for Chillicothe, to be gone a short time on business for the Huber Manufacturing Co.

A. P. Henderson, who has been on the sick list for the past two months, is now sufficiently recovered to be about again.

All sizes and kinds of both hard and soft coals can be had at L. B. Gurley's, No. 16 north East street. Call on him. [29d1

W. B. Foye keeps the largest and finest stock of Drugs and Medicines in the city. Bottom prices. All are invited to call.

—The price of admission for children under 12 years will be 25 cents tonight at the door, for the Mechanics' Library benefit.

—Mrs. Smeleher, who has been the guest of her sister Mrs. Johnson, on east South street, returned to her home in Richwood this morning.

—Mrs. Martha Tracy, of Richwood, is visiting in the city for a few days, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Will J. Blair, on north West street.

W. B. Foye keeps a large stock of Trusses, Supporters and Shoulder braces, and is a practical man in fitting them. Guarantees satisfaction.

—Two plain drunks and eleven tramps occupied the city prison Wednesday. As to tramps this is about the usual number, but two drunks at one time is an excess.

—Mrs. Betty Tonguet, of Agosta, who has been reported dangerously ill, is now convalescent. She has been under the treatment of Dr. Modrack for some time.

—Mrs. J. Fribley has returned after a week's absence spent at the home of Mrs. T. F. Smith, in Delaware. Mrs. Smith has so far recovered from her illness as to be up and around again.

Silk Umbrellas!

HAVING just received our new line of SILK UMBRELLAS, we are showing as fine a line of Gold Heads, Oxidized Silver Heads, Plain Black and Natural Wood Handles as there is in the city.

The silk in these goods is guaranteed.

☞ Ladies, call and see them.

D. YAKE.

—Buy your bread at Rapp's.

—Choice butter at Bauer's grocery.

—Robert Elsmere, in paper, reduced to 30 cents at Wiant's.

—For neat laundry work, try Dayton Troy Steam Laundry.

—Just received, a fine assortment of baby carriages, at W. C. Rapp & Co's.

—A little nine year old daughter of Frank Short, living north of town, is reported dangerously ill.

—The Philomathean Dramatic Co. will produce "Martyr of Circumstances" at Normal Hall Friday night.

—Lawyers will find a large line of the latest and most approved forms of legal blanks at city prices, at Wiant's.

Bellflower, Northern Spy, Greening and Baldwin apples, extra choice.
Thew & Manz.

Mrs. Ira Scofield and little brother returned home Wednesday evening after a pleasant visit with the family of Art Kling, at Paulding.

—Tickets on sale at Drew's for "Martyr of Circumstances" to be played at Normal Hall Friday night. Admission, for children 15 cents, adults 25 cents. 2t

—A seventeen months' old babe of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Carr, living near Longville, died monday. The funeral took place at their residence Wednesday.

Save your money and get M. Dudley to do your papering very cheap and in the best style. Office in rear of STAR office. 77d12 e.o.d.

—L. K. Guthery and George D. Copeland have secured the famous trotting stallion and show horse, Stewart Ma, which has a record of 2:28, to locate here.

—To give all a chance to attend the entertainment "From Street to Mansion" tonight, the Mechanics Library will be closed at 7:55. Those wishing books will govern themselves accordingly.

—Miss Emma Garvin, of Fowler, stopped off on her way to Bloomington, Illinois, and was the guest of relatives and friends in this city Wednesday, and left on the midnight train for her destination.

—Charley Anthony, of Delaware, was in town Wednesday, looking up a location for a brewery. He intends moving his brewery from Delaware to this place or Findlay but has not fully decided which as yet.

—Some benefit entertainment, desiring a swollen treasury should have secured the sale of seats at the court room Wednesday night. "Standing room only" signs would have been hung out and before the trial was far along they would have been taken in.

—The annual monthly meeting of the Young People's Society of the Methodist Church was held Wednesday evening, at the residence of Geo. Roberts, on the hill. Miss Blair entertained the company by a short recitation which was the principle feature of the meeting. A very nice time was reported, all being well pleased with the manner of entertainment. A meeting is to be held soon to decide on a concert to be given for the benefit of the society.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Fair weather, preceded by light rain or snow on the lakes, warmer; winds becoming southwesterly.

Japanese and China Mattings,

Just Received.

Plain, Checked and Figured.

WARNER & EDWARDS.

—J. W. Riddle, of Delaware, was in this city Wednesday.

—Grant Williams, of Wells-Fargo Express Co., is reported on the sick list.

—Miss Cora Smart, of Richwood, is the guest of friends and relatives in this city.

—O. W. Johnston and family will occupy the Fisher property, on Vine street, in a few days.

—Joe and Frank Landon, of Richwood, were the guests of their sister, Mattie Landon, on West street, today.

—The remains of John Diebold will be taken from the vault tomorrow at 2:30 p. m. and be interred in the cemetery.

—Wib C. Kennedy, the renowned humorist who will take part in the reading Friday night, is in the city, the guest of Prof. Jed H. Lee. No one should fail to hear him.

—F. C. Lewis, C., H. V. and T. night operator, at Delaware, was in town today looking after the interest of a railroad signal, a recent invention of his. He was the guest of his brother, W. S. Bowers.

—As the time draws near for the location of the new Huber shops it may be interesting to state that the new buildings will be under over three acres of roofing, and will contain nearly four acres of floors. Some of the buildings are one, some two and three stories in height.

—Geo. W. Leonard, the Colonel Commanding, Sons of Veterans, of Ohio, was in the city today on his way to Waldo to to organize a camp of that order. Mr. Leonard hopes to organize a camp here soon, as Marion is the only considerable city in Ohio without such an organization.

—A slight robbery occurred one night last week at Hotel Marion by which a couple of employes suffered the loss of a small amount of money and a watch. There is no clew to the thief, but it is supposed that a tramp who had been allowed to remain in the house over night committed the theft.

—Mayor Gailey has a telegram from General Manager Beach, of the Bee Line, stating that his company and the Erie folks have agreed to place electric light arcs at the crossings here as requested, and will now do so very shortly. They insist, however, in contracting with the city rather than the Electric Light Co., for some unknown reason.

—Another emery wheel bursted at the Huber Works on Tuesday and this time Andrew Sautter had a narrow escape from death. A large piece of the broken wheel, heavy enough to have killed him, flew so close to his head as to knock off his hat, with such force that it knocked a large hole in the joist of the floor above. Such accidents are dangerous but have been lucky ones so far.

—Attorney W. E. Scofield has a letter from Howland & Ellis, in which they state that they will be in Marion in a very short time with a force to push along the water-works construction. Some had begun to feel a little anxiety in the matter, but we are assured that Howland & Ellis are solid business people and, more than that, there is a $20,000 bond back of them, guaranteeing prompt and satisfactory completion of the works.

—A varied program will be presented at the reading on Friday night at Music Hall. Selections will be given from Shakespeare, Mark Twain, Webster, Dickens, Holmes, Buchanan Reade, Adelaide Proctor and others. Messrs. Lee and Kennedy will be assisted by Miss Kate R. Blair and Miss Kit Turney, whose readings never fail to please. Music will be introduced during the evening.

—The reading of Julius Caesar between Prof. Lee and Wib C. Kennedy, Friday night, will alone be worth the price of admission. This most interesting dialogue will begin with Act I, Scene II, where the scheming Cassius instigates Brutus to join in a conspiracy against Caesar. Reading to continue to Act III, Scene II, with the orations of Brutus and Antony over the body of Caesar, concluding with Act IV, Scene III, with the quarrel of Brutus and Cassius.

—Hon. D. J. Ryan, who gives a lecture at Music Hall Friday evening, March 15th, on the subject: Home Rule for Ireland, and a history of Gladstone's and Parnell's work on autonomy for the Irish, gave a lecture in Cleveland to a large audience, last week, on the same subject. Our Hon. Secretary of State is making quite a reputation as a lecturer, and is in demand all over the State. Lecture given under the auspices and for the benefit of the Ancient Order of Hibernians.

Council Adjourned.

Wednesday night was the time for the Regular monthly meeting of the City Council, but owing to the illness of one of the members and the non-attendance of others the meeting adjourned to tonight, when a better attendance is anticipated. Just what effect the court house attraction had in the matter is not expressed, but small matters sometimes move big bodies.

Purchasers of Carpets

Will do well to look through our elegant line of Brussels, Velvets, Ingrains, 3-Ply Cotton Chains, etc.

☞ Remember, we have the superior styles, the choice patterns, and can save you money.

WARNER & EDWARDS.

MRS FRITZ ON TRIAL

For Keeping a House of Ill-Fame—The Defense Offered No Testimony

The reform inaugurated by the Grand Jury—that of ridding Marion of its houses of ill-fame—was given the second step by the trial of Mrs. Mattie Fritz, which began Wednesday night. M. V. Payne appeared for the defense and W. Z. Davis assisted Prosecuting Attorney Crissinger.

The trial began Wednesday night to a court room jammed with curious spectators, a crowd that continued in attendance to-day. It was a strange gathering, different in make-up from the usual court room spectators, and Sheriff Kelly was greatly annoyed to keep good order. There was continued whispering and frequent outbursts of laughter, and there was no possibility of restraining it without clearing the court room.

Eighteen witnesses were examined in behalf of the State, many of them unwilling ones, and none but Samual Malloy would admit of criminal or lewd acts therein. Many testified to the place being a "sporting" house, but their definition of the "sport" was evasive and frequently misleading. On behalf of the defendant Mr. Payne offered no testimony, but moved that the court strike out the testimony relating to the reputation of the house. The court overruled the motion and the arguments began in the afternoon session. There is no verdict up to the hour of going to press.

The trial of Lizzie Lazalere will follow the Fritz case.

Bowling Green.

The Bowling Green schools are arranging for a grand time in Delauder's Opera Hall March 11th. Everybody cordially invited to be present and help our library fund. You need not expect anything but school work. Come out and see what home talent can give in recitations, declamations, dialogues and songs. We expect to give you two and a half or three hours of amusement and solid work. Prices made known at the door.

W. B. Sager has taken unto himself a "better half," Miss Wilson. Both are of this township. May their path be one of joy and happiness, and just trials enough to reap a golden sunset.

March 6th. Tim.

—Charley Bishop, of Richwood, was in the city today, the guest of friends.

MUSIC HALL.

BENEFIT PERFORMANCE

Of the Pleasing Comedy

"FROM STREET TO MANSION!"

For Benefit of

Mechanics' Library,

—ON—

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 7, 1889.

☞ The Play is a Local Production of Unusual Merit, and is Rendered by a Company of Amateur Performers who are Scarcely Less Than Professionals.

DON'T FAIL TO GO!

Admission. . 35 Cents.

☞ Reserved Seats at Tristram & Young's, Without Extra Charge.

Riley & Wright's

HACK LINE!

The undersigned have purchased the Ed Miller Hack Line, re-stocked the same and are better prepared to serve the public than ever. Calls made for all trains for both passengers and baggage

Funeral Attendance

A Specialty. Leave orders at hotels, or at office at barn. Telephone 15.

RILEY & WRIGHT.

MASSILLON COAL!

—THE—

BEST in the MARKET

—AT—

Prendergasts'.

Having Completed Our Annual

February :-: Invoice!

We are able to give some

Striking Bargains!

In Ladies' and Gents' Fine Shoes in

ODD SIZES ONLY.

TRISTRAM & YOUNG.

☞ We wish to state that after March 15th we will have the Most Complete Line of Ladies' and Misses' Fine Slippers, Oxford Ties, Walking Shoes and Dancing Pumps ever unpacked in Marion.

☞ Wigwam Ties for Ladies, Misses and Children, and Men's Working Shoes already in stock.

The Best Jackson, Massillon & Hocking

LUMP AND NUT

Lehi, Scrnton and Lackawana

Chestnut, Stove & Egg Coal

—AT—

PRENDERCASTS',

AS -:- CHEAP -:- AS -:- THE -:- CHEAPEST.

MERCHANT TAILORING

WILLIAMS & LEFFLER,

—THE—

LEADING MERCHANT TAILORS

Are Now Showing Their

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

A Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

PRICES REASONABLE.

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NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED AT

THIS OFFICE.

H. M. AULT,

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AGENCY!

☞ OFFICE Bennett's Block, First Stairway east of P. O.

To the WEAK and DEBILITATED

Persons conscious of ORGANIC WEAKNESS, or Incapacity for active duties of life, who may find themselves

PREMATURELY OLD,

or are suffering from

NERVOUS WEAKNESS,

of any description, can be permanently cured by consulting

DR. ALBERT,

Superior St. next to P. O.,
CLEVELAND, O.

GET YOUR MEALS

—AT—

CULL'S DINING HALL

Refitted and Better than ever.

REGULAR MEALS

(THE BEST IN THE CITY)

—FOR—

25 CTS.

Special Dishes Served to Order.

Oysters at All Times.

LUNCH STAND IN CONNECTION.

TICKETS (20 MEALS), $3.50.

My old patrons and all new ones are invited to call

JOHN CULL.

2d Door East of Court House.

OUR SPECIALTY.

ALADDIN STOVES AND RANGES

"BLO!"

"Yung man, don't be afrade to blo yure own horn, but don't blo it in front of the proceshun; go to the REAR and do it."—Josh Billings.

A few years ago there was added to the Stove Procession of Marion the CLEAR, STEADY note of

A NEW HORN.

It was sounded in the "rear;" at first UNNOTICED, almost UNHEARD; through TIME, PATIENCE and INTEGRITY of performance its PURITY of TONE and BEAUTY of EXECUTION were at length recognized by its immediate neighbors, the procession "right-about-faced," and today "it leads the van." PUBLIC CONFIDENCE, ADMIRATION, PATRONAGE, PRAISE and LOYALTY, ALL have been won legitimately by the OUT-AND-OUT worth of the class of goods we handle. Dear reader, will YOU join the procession and help us protect your PURSE?

S. S. FOX & CO.,
Fite Block, East Center St. Marion, Ohio.

N. B.—Slate and Metal Roofing and Guttering a Specialty.